

# R1511

Industrial Cellular VPN Router





**Guangzhou Robustel LTD** www.robustel.com

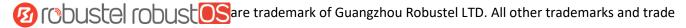


#### **About This Document**

This document provides hardware and software information of the Robustel Industrial Cellular VPN Router R1511, including introduction, installation, configuration and operation.

Copyright©2021 Guangzhou Robustel LTD All rights reserved.

#### **Trademarks and Permissions**



names mentioned in this document are the property of their respective owners.

#### **Disclaimer**

No part of this document may be reproduced in any form without the written permission of the copyright owner. The contents of this document are subject to change without notice due to continued progress in methodology, design and manufacturing. Robustel shall have no liability for any error or damage of any kind resulting from the inappropriate use of this document.

#### **Technical Support**

Tel: +86-20-82321505 Fax: +86-20-82321505

Email: <a href="mailto:support@robustel.com">support@robustel.com</a>
Web: <a href="mailto:support@robustel.com">www.robustel.com</a>



#### **Important Notice**

Due to the nature of wireless communications, transmission and reception of data can never be guaranteed. Data may be delayed, corrupted (i.e., have errors) or be totally lost. Although significant delays or losses of data are rare when wireless devices such as the router is used in a normal manner with a well-constructed network, the router should not be used in situations where failure to transmit or receive data could result in damage of any kind to the user or any other party, including but not limited to personal injury, death, or loss of property. Robustel accepts no responsibility for damages of any kind resulting from delays or errors in data transmitted or received using the router, or for failure of the router to transmit or receive such data.

#### **Safety Precautions**

#### General

- The router generates radio frequency (RF) power. When using the router, care must be taken on safety issues related to RF interference as well as regulations of RF equipment.
- Do not use your router in aircraft, hospitals, petrol stations or in places where using cellular products is prohibited.
- Be sure that the router will not be interfering with nearby equipment. For example: pacemakers or medical
  equipment. The antenna of the router should be away from computers, office equipment, home appliance, etc.
- An external antenna must be connected to the router for proper operation. Only uses approved antenna with the router. Please contact authorized distributor on finding an approved antenna.
- Always keep the antenna with minimum safety distance of 20 cm or more from human body. Do not put the antenna inside metallic box, containers, etc.
- RF exposure statements
  - 1. For mobile devices without co-location (the transmitting antenna is installed or located more than 20cm away from the body of user and nearby person)
- FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement
  - 1. This Transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
  - 2. This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and human body.

**Note**: Some airlines may permit the use of cellular phones while the aircraft is on the ground and the door is open. Router may be used at this time.

#### Using the Router in Vehicle

- Check for any regulation or law authorizing the use of cellular devices in vehicle in local country before installing the router.
- The driver or operator of any vehicle should not operate the router while driving.
- Install the router by qualified personnel. Consult your vehicle distributor for any possible interference of electronic parts by the router.
- The router should be connected to the vehicle's supply system by using a fuse-protected terminal in the vehicle's fuse box.
- Be careful when the router is powered by the vehicle's main battery. The battery may be drained after extended period.



#### **Protecting Your Router**

To ensure error-free usage, please install and operate your router with care. Do remember the following:

- Do not expose the router to extreme conditions such as high humidity / rain, high temperature, direct sunlight, caustic / harsh chemicals, dust, or water.
- Do not try to disassemble or modify the router. There is no user serviceable part inside and the warranty would be void
- Do not drop, hit or shake the router. Do not use the router under extreme vibrating conditions.
- Do not pull the antenna or power supply cable. Attach/detach by holding the connector.
- Connect the router only according to the instruction manual. Failure to do it will void the warranty.
- In case of problem, please contact authorized distributor.



## **Regulatory and Type Approval Information**

Table 1: Directives

2011/65/EU	The European RoHS2.0 2011/65/EU Directive was issued by the European parliament and the European Council on 1 July 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain Hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.	RoH5 compliant
2012/19/EU	The European WEEE 2012/19/EU Directive was issued by the European parliament and the European Council on 24 July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipment.	
2013/56/EU	The European 2013/56/EU Directive is a battery Directive which published in the EU offici on 10 December 2013. The button battery used in this product conforms to the sta 2013/56/EU directive.	_

Table 2: Standards of the electronic industry of the People's Republic of China

lable 2:	Standard	ls of the electronic industry of the People's Republic of China
SJ/T	11363-	The electronic industry standard of the People's Republic of China SJ/T 11363-2006 "Requirements
2006		for Concentration Limits for Certain Toxic and Hazardous Substances in Electronic Information
		Products" issued by the ministry of information industry of the People's Republic of China on
		November 6, 2006, stipulates the maximum allowable concentration of toxic and hazardous
		substances in electronic information products.
		Please see <u>Table 3</u> for an overview of toxic or hazardous substances or elements that might be
		contained in product parts in concentrations above the limits defined by SJ/T 11363-2006.
SJ/T	11364-	The electronic industry standard of the People's Republic of China SJ/T 11364-2014 "Labeling
2014		Requirements for Restricted Use of Hazardous Substances in Electronic and Electrical Products"
		issued by the ministry of Industry and information technology of the People's Republic of China on
		July 9, 2014, stipulates the Labeling requirements of hazardous substances in electronic and
		electrical products, environmental protection use time limit and whether it can be recycled.
		This standard is applicable to electronic and electrical products sold within the territory of the
		People's Republic of China, and can also be used for reference in the logistics process of electronic
		and electrical products.
		The orange logo below is used for Robustel products:
		Indicates its warning attribute, that is, some hazardous substances are contained in the product.
		The "10" in the middle of the legend refers to the environment-friendly Use Period (EFUP) $st$ of
		electronic information product, which is 10 years. It can be used safely during the environment-
		friendly Use Period. After the environmental protection period of use, it should enter the recycling
		system.
		*The term of environmental protection use of electronic information products refers to the term
		during which the toxic and hazardous substances or elements contained in electronic information
		products will not be leaked or mutated and cause serious pollution to the environment or serious
		damage to people and property under normal conditions of use.



Table 3: Toxic or Hazardous Substances or Elements with Defined Concentration Limits

Name of the	Hazard	lous Sub	stances							
Part	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(Cr(VI))	(PBB)	(PBDE)	(DEHP)	(BBP)	(DBP)	(DIBP)
Metal parts	0	0	О	0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Circuit modules	o	О	0	o	o	0	0	0	0	О
Cables and cable assemblies	О	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plastic and polymeric parts	o	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0

o:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement in RoHS2.0.

X:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part *might exceed* the limit requirement in RoHS2.0.

- :

Indicates that it does not contain the toxic or hazardous substance.



#### **Document History**

Updates between document versions are cumulative. Therefore, the latest document version contains all updates made to previous versions.

Date	Firmware Version	<b>Document Version</b>	Change Description
Aug 28, 2020	3.1.5	v.1.0.0	Initial release.
May 28, 2021	3.1.9	v.1.0.1	1. Ethernet cable becomes optional material.
		2. Revise the description of LED indicators.	
		3. Revise the description of cellular.	
			4. Add Edge2Cloud.



## Contents

Contents Chapter		roduct Overview	
1.1		ntroduction	
1.1		ackage Contents	
1.3		pecifications	
1.4		Dimensions	
Chapter :		lardware Installation	
2.1		in Description	
2.2		ED Indicators	
2.3		leset Button	
2.4		thernet Ports	
2.5		nsert or Remove SIM Card	
2.6		Attach External Antenna (SMA Type)	
2.7		Nount the Router	
2.8		Connect the Router to a Computer	
2.9		ower Supply	
Chapter		nitial Configuration	
3.1		Configure the PC	
3.2		actory Default Settings	
3.3		og in the Router	
3.4		Control Panel	
Chapter 4	4 F	Couter Configuration	28
4.1		tatus	28
	4.1.1	System Information	28
	4.1.2	Internet Status	28
	4.1.3	LAN Status	29
4.2	lı	nterface	30
	4.2.1	Link Manager	30
	4.2.2	LAN	39
	4.2.3	Ethernet	43
	4.2.4	Cellular	44
	4.2.5	WiFi	49
	4.2.6	Serial port	58
4.3	N	letwork	63
	4.3.1	Route	63
	4.3.2	Firewall	错误!未定义书签。
	4.3.3	IP Passthrough	70
4.4	V	/PN	70
	4.4.1	IPsec	70
	4.4.2	OpenVPN	79
	4.4.3	GRE	92
4.5	S	ervices	94



	4.5.2	L Syslog	94
	4.5.2	2 Event	95
	4.5.3	3 NTP	98
	4.5.4	\$ SMS	99
	4.5.5	5 Email	100
	4.5.6	5 DDNS	101
	4.5.7	7 SSH	102
	4.5.8	3 Web Server	103
	4.5.9	9 Advanced	104
4.6		System	105
	4.6.2	L Debug	105
	4.6.2	2 Update	106
	4.6.3	B App Center	106
	4.6.4	ł Tools	108
	4.6.5	5 Profile	110
	4.6.6	5 User Management	112
4.7		Edge2Cloud	113
	4.7.2	L Edge2Cloud	113
	4.7.2	2 E2C Broker	113
Chapter	5	Configuration Examples	116
5.1		Cellular	116
	5.1.2	L Cellular Dial-Up	116
	5.1.2	2 SMS Remote Control	118
5.2		VPN Configuration Example	120
	5.2.2	l IPsec VPN	120
	5.2.2		
	5.2.3		
Chapter	6	Introductions for CLI	129
6.1		What Is CLI	
6.2		How to Configure the CLI	131
6.3		Commands Reference	
6.4		Quick Start with Configuration ExampleS	132
Glossarv	<b>/</b>		138



## Chapter 1 Product Overview

### 1.1 Introduction

Robustel R1511 industrial-grade cellular VPN wireless router provides high-speed wireless network bandwidth for devices through wireless connection to ensure a stable connection to the wireless network.

Robustel's routers are based on the "RobustOS" operating system. With 5 years of mature and innovative functions, RobustOS provides customers with a very professional product with an easy-to-navigate graphical user interface and essential IoT applications and connection stability. The router occupies a very small space and is very useful for space-constrained applications, such as ticket vending machines, vending machines, hidden surveillance and digital signage applications.

## 1.2 Package Contents

Before installing your R1511 Router, verify the kit contents as following.

**Note**: Accessories are subject to the actual order. If you have any questions, please contact your sales representative.

• 1 x Robustel R1511 Industrial Cellular VPN Router



1 x 2-pin 3.5 mm male terminal block for power supply



1 x 3-pin 3.5 mm male terminal block for 232/485



3G/4G SMA-J cellular antenna (Two as standard)
 Stubby antenna



11/142



 RP- SMA-J WIFI antenna Stubby antenna



1 x SIM Card Sticker



#### **Optional Accessories** (sold separately)

Ethernet cable



• AC/DC power adapter (12V DC, 1 A; EU/US/UK/AU plug optional)



• Wall mounting kit



35 mm DIN rail mounting kit





#### **Specifications** 1.3

#### Cellular Interface

Number of antennas: 2

Connector: SMA-K

SIM: 1\* (3 V & 1.8 V) Mini-SIM or eSIM

#### **Ethernet Interface**

Number of ports: 2 x 10/100 Mbps, 2 x LAN or 1 x LAN + 1 x WAN

Magnet isolation protection: 1.5 KV

#### WiFi Interface

Number of antennas: 1 (external antenna)

Connector: RP-SMA-K (external antenna)

Standards: 802.11b/g/n, supports AP and Client modes

Frequency bands: 2.4 GHz Security: WEP, WPA, WPA2

Encryption: 64/128 AES, TKIP

Data speed: 2\*2 MIMO, 300 Mbps

#### Serial port

Type: 1 x RS232 or 1 x RS485

Connector: 3-pin 3.5 mm female socket

#### Others

1 x Reset button (RST button)

LED indicators - 1 x RUN, 1 x MDM, 1 x USR, 1 x RSSI, 1 x WiFi

Built-in: Watchdog, Timer

#### **Power Supply and Consumption**

Connector: 2-pin 3.5 mm female socket

Input voltage: 9 to 36V DC

Power consumption: Idle: 100 mA@12 V;

Data link: 500 mA (peak) @12 V

#### **Physical Characteristics**

Ingress protection: IP30

Housing & Weight: Plastic, 150 g

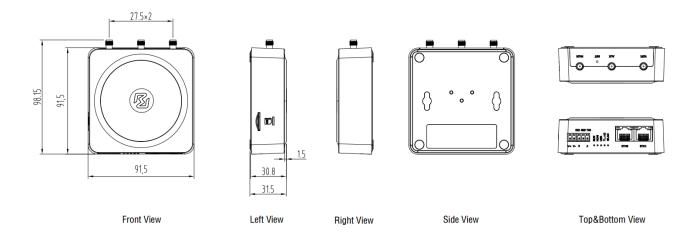


• Dimensions: 91.5mm x 91.5mm x 31.5mm

• Installations: Desktop, wall mounting or DIN rail mounting (Wall mounting and Din rail mounting installation requires additional installation accessories)

Operating Temperature: -25 to +70 °C
 Storage Temperature: -40 to +85 °C
 Relative Humidity: 5 to 95% RH

## 1.4 Dimensions





## Chapter 2 Hardware Installation

## 2.1 Pin Description



PIN	Power	232/485	Note
1	V+		VCC
2	V-		VSS
3	3		RS232 data receiving/RS485_B, please refer to specific
	1	RXD/B	model for specific definition
4		GND	Signal ground
5		TXD/A	RS232 data transmission/RS485_A, please refer to specific
		TXD/A	model for specific definition

## 2.2 LED Indicators



Name	Color	Status	Description
RUN	Green	On, solid	Router is powered on (System is initializing)
		On, blinking	Router starts operating
		Off	Router is powered off
MDM	Green	On, solid	Link connection is working
		On, blinking	Data is sent and received.
		Off	Link connection is not working



USR	USR-	Green	On, solid	OpenVPN connection is established
OpenVPN			Off	OpenVPN connection is not established
	USR-IPsec	Green	On, solid	IPsec connection is established
			Off	IPsec connection is not established
RSSI		Green	On, solid	Received Signal Strength Indication greater than -73 dBm
				(Strong signal)
		Green	On, blinking	Received Signal Strength Indication -91 to -73 dBm
				(Moderate signal)
		Green	Off	Received Signal Strength Indication -111 to -93dBm (Weak
				signal)
WLAN		Green	On, solid	WiFi is enabled and working properly
		Green	Off	WiFi is disabled or not working properly

Note: click Services > Advanced > system > System Settings > Custom LED light type to set the display type of USR LED.



### 2.3 Reset Button



Function	Operation
Reboot	Press and hold the RST button for 2 to 7 seconds under the operating status.
Restore to factory	Wait for 0~20 seconds after powering up the router, press and hold the RST button until four
default settings	LEDs(RUN, MDM, USR, RSSI) start blinking one by one, and release the button to return the
	router to factory defaults.

## 2.4 Ethernet Ports

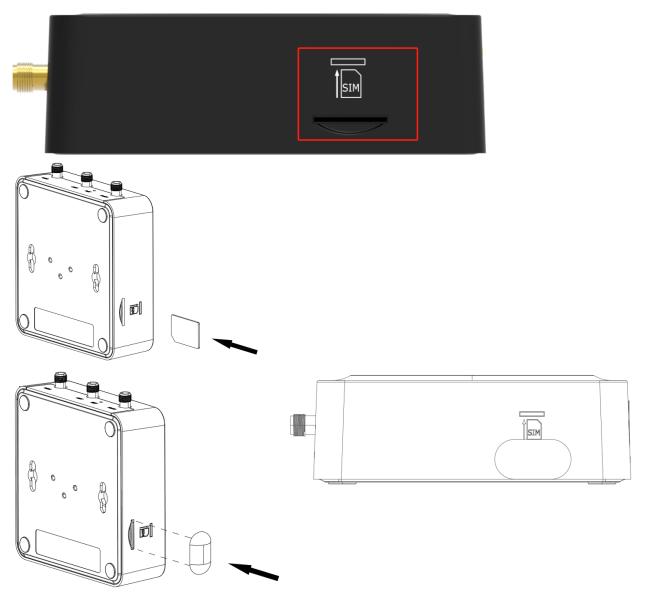


There are two Ethernet ports on R1511, including ETH0 (WAN/LAN), and ETH1. Each has two LED indicators. The green one is a link indicator but the yellow one doesn't mean anything (always off). For details about status, see the table below.

Indicator	Status	Description
Link indicator	On, solid	Connection is established
(Green)	On, blinking	Data is being transferred
	Off	Connection is not established



### 2.5 Insert or Remove SIM Card



Insert or remove the SIM card as shown in the following steps.

#### Insert SIM card

- 1. Make sure router is powered off.
- 2. To insert SIM card, press the card with finger until you hear a click.
- 3. After the SIM card is inserted, attach the SIM card sticker to the card slot.

#### Remove SIM card

- 1. Make sure router is powered off.
- 2. Tear the SIM card sticker from the slot.
- 3. To remove SIM card, press the card with finger until it pops out and then take out the card.

#### Note:

- 1. Use the specific M2M SIM card when the device is working in extreme temperature, because the regular card for long-time working in harsh environment will be disconnected frequently.
- 2. Do not touch the metal of the card surface in case information in the card will lose or be destroyed.

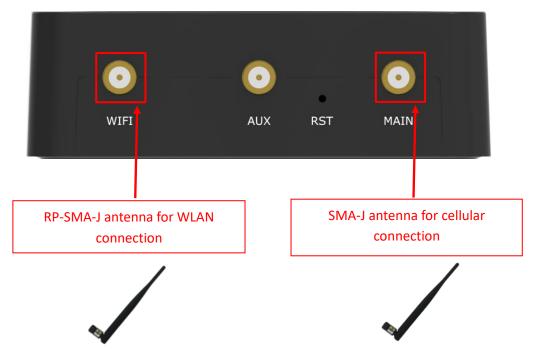


- 3. Do not bend or scratch the card.
- 4. Keep the card away from electricity and magnetism.
- 5. Make sure router is powered off before inserting or removing the card.

## 2.6 Attach External Antenna (SMA Type)

Attach an external SMA antenna to the router's antenna connector and twist tightly. Make sure the antenna is within the correct frequency range provided by the ISP and with 50 Ohm impedance.

Note: Recommended torque for tightening is 0.35 N.m.



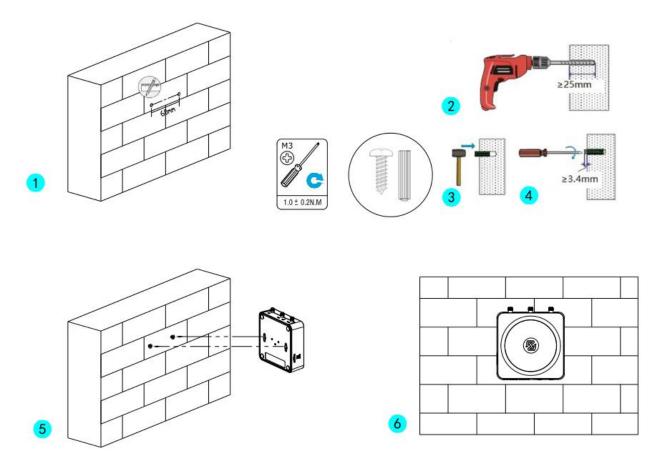
### 2.7 Mount the Router

The router can be placed on a desktop or mounted to a wall or a 35 mm DIN rail.

#### Two methods for mounting the router

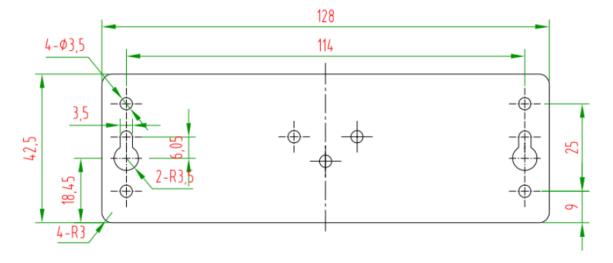
- 1. Wall mounting (measured in mm)
  - Option 1





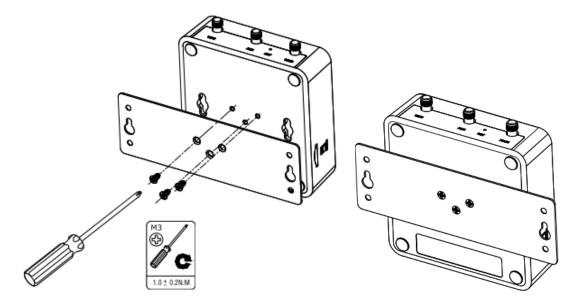
First, drill holes on the wall, the distance between the two holes is 60mm, then knock the expansion pipe into the wall with a rubber hammer, align the screw with the expansion pipe, insert the screw and reserve the corresponding length, and finally fix the product on the wall.

Option 2
 Size of Wall mounted kit:

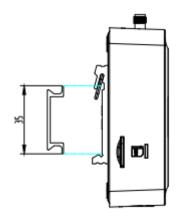


Use 3 pcs of M3 screws to mount the router on the wall mounting kit, and then use 2 pcs of M3 screws to mount the wall mounting kit on the wall.

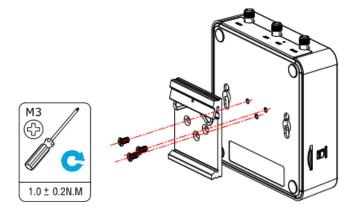


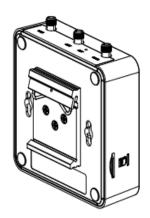


### 2. DIN rail mounting (measured in mm)



Use 3 pcs of M3 screws to mount the router on the DIN rail, and then hang the DIN rail on the holder. You need to choose a standard holder.







## 2.8 Connect the Router to a Computer

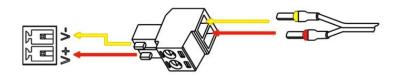


Connect a standard Ethernet cable to the port marked ETH0~ETH1 at the front of the R1511 Router, and connect the other end of the cable to your computer.

## 2.9 Power Supply

## CONNECTING THE POWER CABLE





R1511 Router supports reverse polarity protection, but always refers to the figure above to connect the power adapter correctly. There are two cables associated with the power adapter. Following to the color of the head, connect the cable marked red to the positive pole through a terminal block, and connect the yellow one to the negative in the same way.

Note: The range of power voltage is 9 to 36V DC.



## **Chapter 3** Initial Configuration

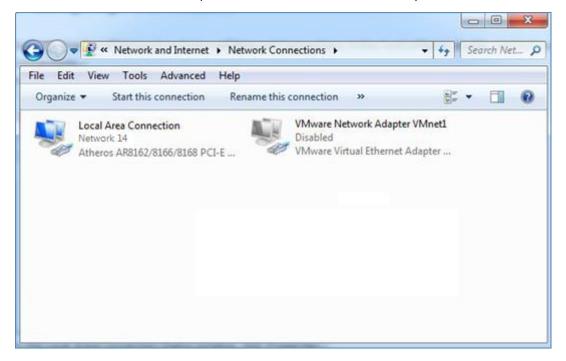
The router can be configured through your web browser that including IE 8.0 or above, Chrome and Firefox, etc. A web browser is included as a standard application in the following operating systems: Linux, Mac OS, Windows 98/NT/2000/XP/Me/Vista/7/8, etc. It provides an easy and user-friendly interface for configuration. There are various ways to connect the router, either through an external repeater/hub or connect directly to your PC. However, make sure that your PC has an Ethernet interface properly installed prior to connecting the router. You must configure your PC to obtain an IP address through a DHCP server or a fixed IP address that must be in the same subnet as the router. If you encounter any problems accessing the router web interface, it is advisable to uninstall your firewall program on your PC, as this tends to cause problems accessing the IP address of the router.

## 3.1 Configure the PC

There are two methods to get IP address for the PC. One is to obtain an IP address automatically from "Local Area Connection", and another is to configure a static IP address manually within the same subnet of the router. Please refer to the steps below.

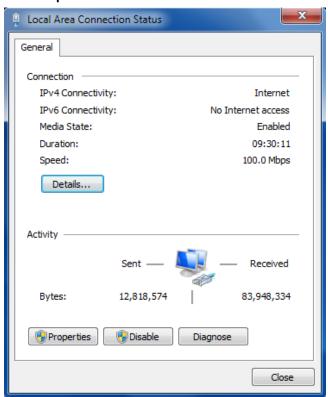
Here take Windows 7 as example, and the configuration for windows system is similar.

1. Click Start > Control Panel, double-click Network and Internet, and then double-click Network Connections.

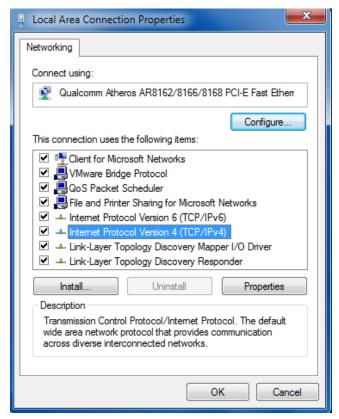




2. Click **Properties** in the window of **Local Area Connection Status**.



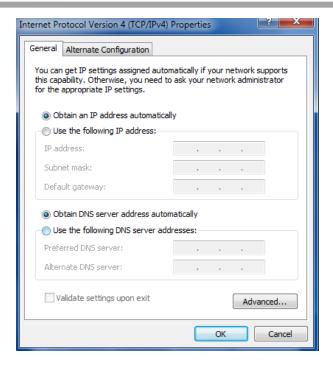
3. Choose Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) and click Properties.



4. Two ways for configuring the IP address of PC

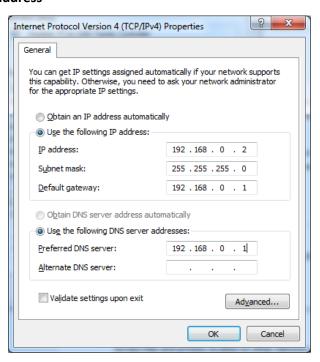
Obtain an IP address from the DHCP server automatically; Click "Obtain an IP address automatically";





#### Use the following IP address:

(Configured a static IP address manually within the same subnet of the router, click and configure "Use the following IP address"



5. Click **OK** to finish the configuration.

## 3.2 Factory Default Settings

Before configuring your router, you need to know the following default settings.

0 0,	•	•	•
Item	Description		
Username	admin		

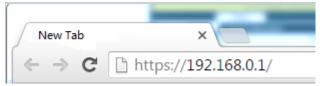


Password	admin
ETH0	WAN mode or
	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
ETH1	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
DHCP Server	Enabled

## 3.3 Log in the Router

To log in to the management page and view the configuration status of your router, please follow the steps below.

- 1. On your PC, open a web browser such as Internet Explorer and Google, etc.
- 2. From your web browser, type the IP address of the router into the address bar and press enter. The default IP address of the router is <a href="http://192.168.0.1/">http://192.168.0.1/</a>, though the actual address may vary.



3. In the login page, enter the username and password, choose language and then click **LOGIN**. The default username and password are "admin".

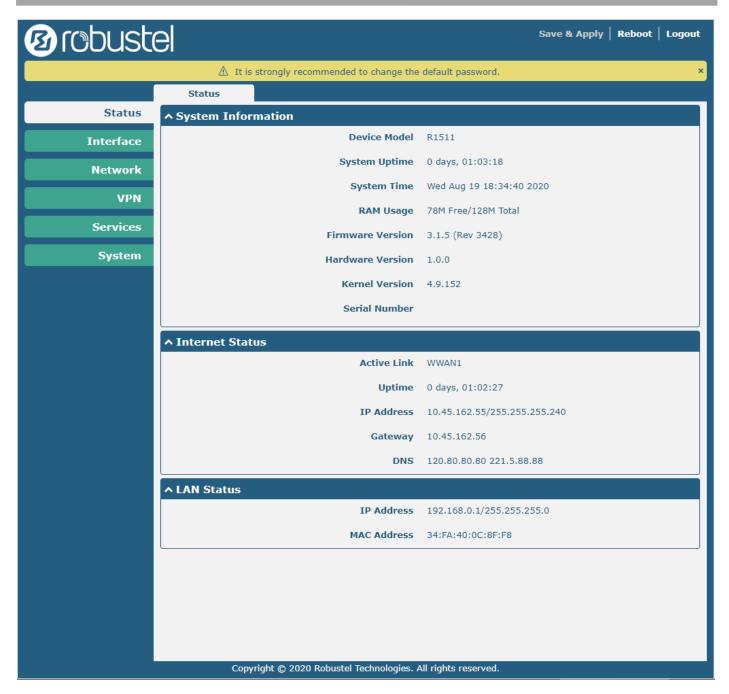
Note: If enter the wrong username or password over six times, the login web will be locked for 5 minutes.



#### 3.4 Control Panel

After logging in, the home page of the R1511 Router's web interface is displayed, for example.





In the home page, the user can save the configuration, restart the router, log out, and so on.

Using the original username and password to log in the router, the page will pop up the following tab.

 $\triangle$  It is strongly recommended to change the default password.

It is strongly recommended for security purposes that you change the default username and/or password. Click the

to close the popup. To change your username and/or password, see 4.6.6 User Management.

Control Panel		
Item	Description	Button
Save & Apply	Click to save the current configuration into router's flash and apply the	Save & Apply
	modification on every configuration page, to make the modification	
	taking effect.	



Reboot	Click to reboot the router.	Reboot
Logout	Click to log the current user out safely. After logging out, it will switch to	Logout
	login page. Shut down web page directly without logout, the next one can	
	login web on this browser without a password before timeout.	
Submit	Click to save the modification on current configuration page.	Submit
Cancel	Click to cancel the modification on current configuration page.	Cancel

**Note:** The steps of how to modify configuration are as bellow:

- 1. Modify in one page;
- 2. Click Submit under this page;
- 3. Modify in another page;
- 4. Click Submit under this page;
- 5. Complete all modification;
- 6. Click Save & Apply.



## Chapter 4 Router Configuration

### 4.1 Status

## 4.1.1 System Information

This section allows you to view the System Information of your Router.

↑ System Information	
Device Model	R1511
System Uptime	0 days, 01:03:18
System Time	Wed Aug 19 18:34:40 2020
RAM Usage	78M Free/128M Total
Firmware Version	3.1.5 (Rev 3428)
Hardware Version	1.0.0
Kernel Version	4.9.152
Serial Number	

System Information		
Item	Description	
Device Model	Show the model name of your device.	
System Uptime	Show the current amount of time the router has been connected.	
System Time	Show the current system time.	
RAM Usage	Show the free memory and the total memory.	
Firmware Version	Show the firmware version running on the router.	
Hardware Version	Show the current hardware version.	
Kernel Version	Show the current kernel version.	
Serial Number	Show the serial number of your device, from which you can get information such as the	
	router's time of delivery.	

## 4.1.2 Internet Status

This section shows the Internet status information of your Router.



↑ Internet Status	
Active Link	WWAN1
Uptime	0 days, 01:49:15
IP Address	10.153.192.56/255.255.255.240
Gateway	10.153.192.57
DNS	120.80.80.80 221.5.88.88

Internet Status		
Item	Description	
Active Link	Show the current active link. WWAN1 or WAN.	
Uptime	Show the current amount of time the link has been connected.	
IP Address	Show the IP address of current link.	
Gateway	Show the gateway address of the current link.	
DNS	Show the current primary DNS server and secondary server.	

## 4.1.3 LAN Status

This section shows the router's LAN status information.

^ LAN Status	
IP Address	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0
MAC Address	34:FA:40:04:D1:B3

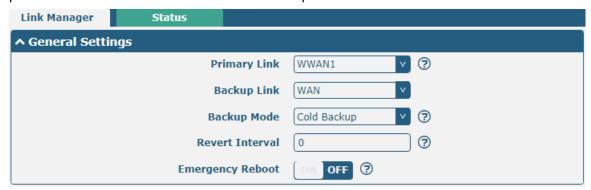
LAN Status		
Item Description		
IP Address	Show the IP address and the Netmask of the router.	
MAC Address	Show the MAC address of the router.	



## 4.2 Interface

## 4.2.1 Link Manager

This section allows you to setup the connection of Link Manager. Link manager is a network link backup function that provides mobile network and Ethernet link backups.

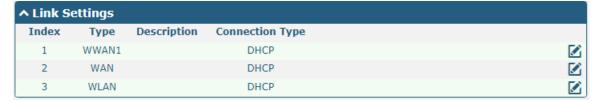


General Settings @ Link Manager		
Item	Description	Default
Primary Link	Select from "WWAN1", "WAN" or "WLAN".	WWAN1
	WWAN1: Select to make SIM1 as the primary wireless link	
	WAN: Select to make WAN as the primary wired link	
	WLAN: Select to make WLAN as the primary wireless link	
	<b>Note:</b> WLAN link is available only if enable WiFi as Client mode, please	
	refer to <b>4.2.5 WiFi (Optional)</b> .	
Backup Link	Select from "WWAN1", "WAN", "WLAN" or "None".	None
	WWAN1: Select to make SIM1 as backup wireless link	
	WAN: Select to make WAN as the backup wired link	
	WLAN: Select to make WLAN as the backup wireless link	
	<b>Note:</b> WLAN link is available only if enable WiFi as Client mode, please	
	refer to <b>4.2.5 WiFi (Optional)</b> .	
	None: Do not select any backup link	
Backup Mode	Select from "Cold Backup", "Warm Backup" or "Load Balancing".	Cold
	Cold Backup: The inactive link is offline on standby	Backup
	Warm Backup: The inactive link is online on standby	
	Note: Warm backup mode is not available for dual SIM backup.	
	Load Balancing: Use two links simultaneously	
Revert Interval	Specify the number of minutes that elapses before the primary link is	0
	checked if a backup link is being used in cold backup mode. 0 means disable	
	checking.	
	Note: Revert interval is available only under the cold backup mode.	
Emergency Reboot	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to reboot the	OFF
	whole system if no links available.	

Note: Click ? for help.



**Link Settings** allows you to configure the parameters of link connection, including WWAN1, WAN and WLAN. It is recommended to enable Ping detection to keep the router always online. The Ping detection increases the reliability and also costs the data traffic.

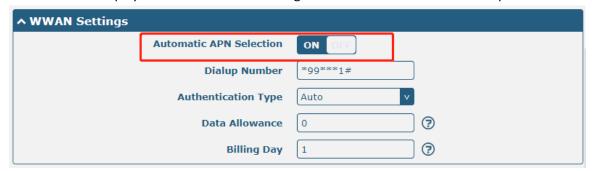


Click on the right-most of WWAN1/WAN/WLAN to enter the configuration window.

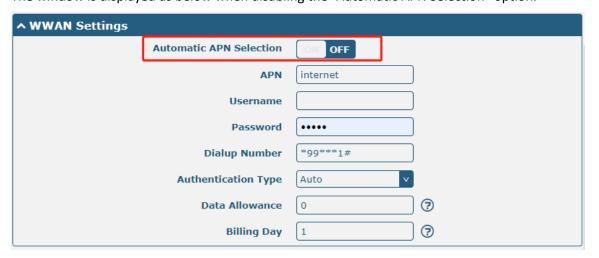
#### **WWAN1**



The window is displayed as below when enabling the "Automatic APN Selection" option.

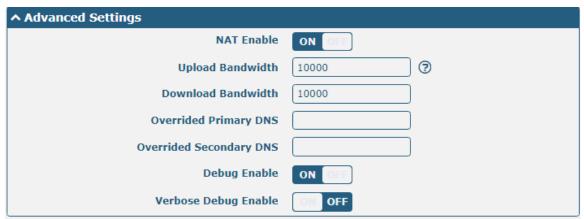


The window is displayed as below when disabling the "Automatic APN Selection" option.









Link Settings (WWAN)		
Item	Description	Default
	General Settings	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Туре	Show the type of the link.	WWAN1
Description	Enter a description for this link. It can be null.	Null
	WWAN Settings	
Automatic APN	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the "Automatic APN Selection"	ON
Selection	option. After enabling, the device will recognize the access point name	
	automatically. Alternatively, you can disable this option and manually add	
	the access point name.	
APN	Enter the Access Point Name for cellular dial-up connection, provided by	internet
	local ISP.	
Username	Enter the username for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null
Password	Enter the password for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null
Dialup Number	Enter the dialup number for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local	*99***1#
	ISP.	
Authentication Type	Select from "Auto", "PAP" or "CHAP" as the local ISP required.	Auto
Data Allowance	Set the monthly data traffic limitation. The system will record the data	0
	traffic statistics when data traffic limitation (MiB) is specified. The traffic	
	record will be displayed in Interface > Link Manager > Status > WWAN	
	Data Usage Statistics. 0 means disable data traffic record.	



Link Settings (WWAN)		
Item	Description	Default
Billing Day	Specify the monthly billing day. The data traffic statistics will be	1
	recalculated from that day.	
	Ping Detection Settings	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ping detection mechanism, a	ON
	keep-alive policy of the router.	
Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the	8.8.8.8
	current connectivity is active.	
Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the	114.114.11
	current connectivity is active.	4.114
Interval	Set the ping interval.	300
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again	5
	every retry interval.	
Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	3
Max Ping Tries	Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency action if	3
	the max continuous ping tries reached.	
	Advanced Settings	_
NAT Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Network Address Translation	ON
	option.	
Upload Bandwidth	Set the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Download Bandwidth	Set the download bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Overrided Primary	Override primary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
DNS		
Overrided Secondary	Override secondary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
DNS		
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging	ON
	information output.	
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose	OFF
	debugging information output.	

### **WAN**

Router will obtain IP automatically from DHCP server if choosing "DHCP" as connection type. The window is displayed as below.

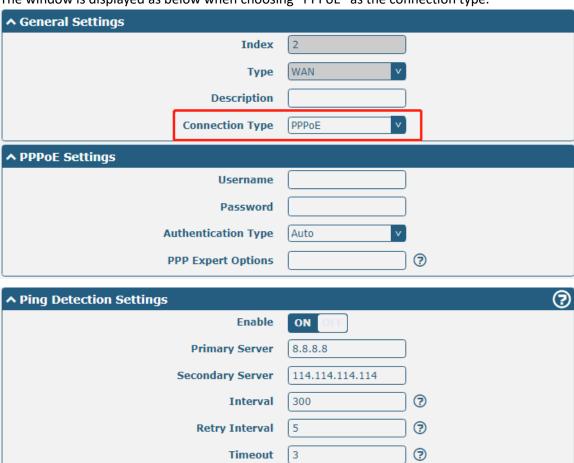




The window is displayed as below when choosing "Static" as the connection type.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "PPPoE" as the connection type.

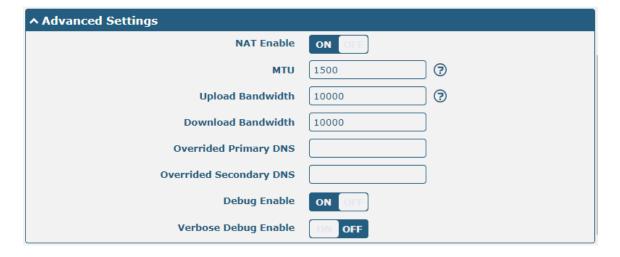


3

**Max Ping Tries** 

?





Link Settings (WAN)		
Item	Description	Default
	General Settings	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Туре	Show the type of the link.	WAN
Description	Enter a description for this link. It can be null.	Null
Connection Type	Select from "DHCP", "Static" or "PPPoE".	DHCP
	Static Address Settings	
IP Address	Set the IP address with Netmask which can access the internet.	Null
	IP address with Netmask, e.g. 192.168.1.1/24	
Gateway	Set the gateway of the IP address in WAN port.	Null
Primary DNS	Set the primary DNS.	Null
Secondary DNS	Set the secondary DNS.	Null
	PPPoE Settings	
Username	Enter the username provided by your Internet Service Provider.	Null
Password	Enter the password provided by your Internet Service Provider.	Null
Authentication Type	Select from "Auto", "PAP" or "CHAP" as the local ISP required.	Auto
PPP Expert Options	Enter the PPP Expert options used for PPPoE dialup. You can enter some	Null
	other PPP dial strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a	
	semicolon.	
	Ping Detection Settings	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ping detection mechanism, a	ON
	keep-alive policy of the router.	
Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the	8.8.8.8
	current connectivity is active.	
Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the	114.114.1
	current connectivity is active.	14.114
Interval	Set the ping interval.	300
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again	5
	every retry interval.	
Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	3
Max Ping Tries	Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency action if	3



	the max continuous ping tries reached.		
Advanced Settings			
NAT Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Network Address Translation	ON	
	option.		
MTU	Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit.	1500	
Upload Bandwidth	Enter the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000	
Download Bandwidth	Enter the download bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000	
Overrided Primary DNS	Override primary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null	
Overrided Secondary	Override secondary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null	
DNS			
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging	ON	
	information output.		
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose	OFF	
	debugging information output.		

#### **WLAN**

Router will obtain IP automatically from the WLAN AP if choosing "DHCP" as the connection type. The specific parameter configuration of SSID is shown as below.



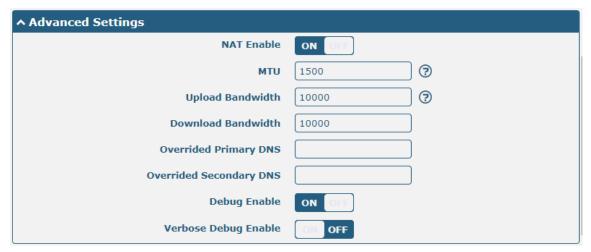
The window is displayed as below when choosing "Static" as the connection type.











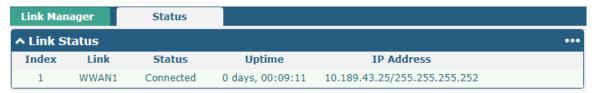
Link Settings (WLAN)					
Item Description					
	General Settings				
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.				
Туре	Show the type of the link.	WLAN			
Description	Enter a description for this link. It can be null.	Null			
Connection Type	Select from "DHCP" or "Static".	DHCP			
	WLAN Settings				
SSID	Enter a 1-32 characters SSID which your router wants to connect. SSID	router			
	(Service Set Identifier) is the name of your wireless network.				
Connect to Hidden SSID	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When router works	OFF			
	as Client mode and needs to connect any access point which has hidden				
	SSID, you need to enable this option.				
Password	Enter an 8-63 characters password of the access point which your router	Null			
	wants to connect.				



Static Address Settings			
IP Address	Enter the IP address with Netmask which can access the Internet,	Null	
	e.g. 192.168.1.1/24		
Gateway	Enter the IP address of WiFi AP.	Null	
Primary DNS	Set the primary DNS.	Null	
Secondary DNS	Set the secondary DNS.	Null	
	Ping Detection Settings		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ping detection mechanism, a	ON	
	keepalive policy of the router.		
Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the	8.8.8.8	
	current connectivity is active.		
Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the	114.114.1	
	current connectivity is active.	14.114	
Interval	Set the ping interval.	300	
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again	5	
	every retry interval.		
Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	3	
Max Ping Tries	Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency action if	3	
	the max continuous ping tries reached.		
	Advance Settings		
NAT Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Network Address Translation	ON	
	option.		
MTU	Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit.	1500	
Upload Bandwidth	Enter the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000	
Download Bandwidth	Enter the download bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000	
Overrided Primary DNS	Override primary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null	
Overrided Secondary	Override secondary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null	
DNS			
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging	ON	
	information output.		
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose	OFF	
	debugging information output.		

# **Status**

This page allows you to view the status of link connection and clear the monthly data usage statistics.

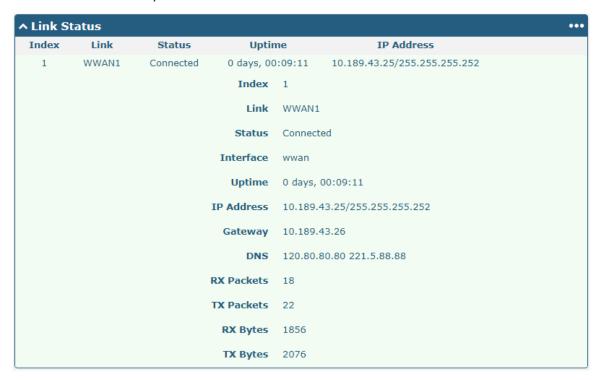


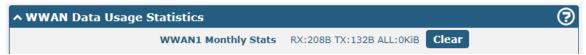
Click the right-most button ••• to select the connection status of the current link.





Click the row of the link, and it will show the details information of the current link connection under the row.





Click the Clear button to clear SIM1 monthly data traffic usage statistics. Data statistics will be displayed only if enable the Data Allowance function in Interface > Link Manager > Link Settings > WWAN Settings > Data Allowance.

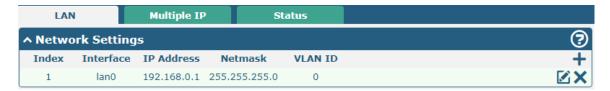
### 4.2.2 LAN

This section allows you to set the related parameters for LAN port. There are two LAN ports on R1511 Router, including ETHO, and ETH1. Wan is assigned as ETHO. The ETHO and ETH1 can freely choose from lan0 and lan1, but at least one LAN port must be assigned as lan0. The default settings of ETHO and ETH1 are lan0 and their default IP are 192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0.

#### LAN

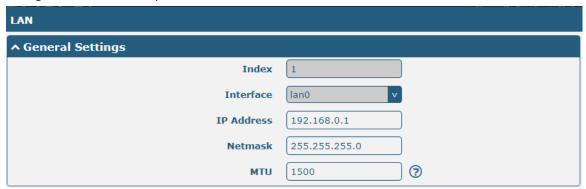
By default, there is a LAN port (lan0) in the list. To begin adding a new LAN port (lan1), please configure ETH1, ETH2 or ETH3 as lan1 first in **Ethernet > Ports > Port Settings**. Otherwise, the operation will be prompted as "List is full".





Note: Lan0 cannot be deleted.

You may click + to add a new LAN port, or click  $\times$  to delete the current LAN port. Now, click  $\boxtimes$  to edit the configuration of the LAN port.



General Settings @ LAN			
Item	Description	Default	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Interface	Show the editing port.		
	Note: Lan1 is available only if it was selected by one of ETH0~ETH1 in		
	Ethernet > Ports > Port Settings.		
IP Address	Set the IP address of the LAN port.	192.168.0.1	
Netmask	Set the Netmask of the LAN port.	255.255.255.0	
MTU	Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit.	1500	

The window is displayed as below when choosing "Server" as the mode.







The window is displayed as below when choosing "Relay" as the mode.

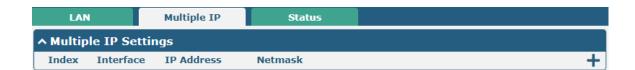


LAN					
Item	Description	Default			
	DHCP Settings				
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the DHCP function.	ON			
Mode	Select the mode of DHCP from "Server" or "Relay".  • Server: Lease IP address to DHCP clients which have been	Server			
	connected to LAN port				
	Relay: Router can be DHCP Relay, which will provide a relay				
	tunnel to solve problem that DHCP Client and DHCP Server is not				
	in a same subnet				
IP Pool Start	Define the beginning of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased	192.168.0.2			
	to DHCP clients.				
IP Pool End	Define the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to	192.168.0.100			
	DHCP clients.				
Subnet Mask	Define the subnet mask of IP address obtained by DHCP clients from	255.255.255.0			
	DHCP server.				
DHCP Server for Relay	Enter the IP address of DHCP relay server.	Null			
	DHCP Advanced Settings				
Gateway	Define the gateway assigned by the DHCP server to the clients, which	Null			
	must be on the same network segment with DHCP address pool.				
Primary DNS	Define the primary DNS server assigned by the DHCP server to the	Null			
	clients.				



LAN				
Item	n Description			
Secondary DNS	Define the secondary DNS server assigned by the DHCP server to the	Null		
	clients.			
WINS Server	Define the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP	Null		
	clients from DHCP sever.			
Lease Time	Set the lease time which the client can use the IP address obtained	120		
	from DHCP server, measured in seconds.			
Static lease	Bind a lease to correspond an IP address via a MAC address.	Null		
	format: mac,ip;mac,ip;, e.g. FF:ED:CB:A0:98:01,192.168.0.200			
Expert Options	Enter some other options of DHCP server in this field.	Null		
	format: config-desc;config-desc, e.g. log-dhcp;quiet-dhcp			
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for DHCP	OFF		
	information output.			

# **Multiple IP**



You may click + to add a multiple IP to the LAN port, or click  $\times$  to delete the multiple IP of the LAN port. Now, click to edit the multiple IP of the LAN port.

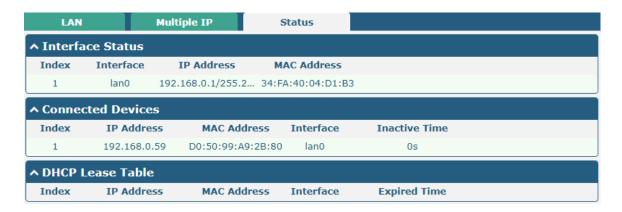


IP Settings			
Item	Description	Default	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Interface	Show the editing port, read only.		
IP Address	Set the multiple IP address of the LAN port.	Null	
Netmask	Set the multiple Netmask of the LAN port.	Null	

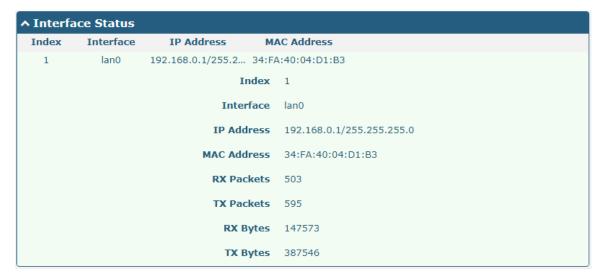
# **Status**

This section allows you to view the status of LAN connection.



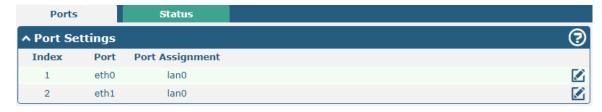


Click the row of status, the details status information will be display under the row. Please refer to the screenshot below.



# 4.2.3 Ethernet

This section allows you to set the related parameters for Ethernet. There are two Ethernet ports on R1511 Router, including ETH0 and ETH1. ETH0 can be configured as the WAN port for the router to access the outer network or the LAN port for the lower end devices to connect with the router. ETH1 can only be configured as a LAN port for the lower device to connect to the router. By default, ETH0 and ETH1 are lan0, and their IP are 192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0.



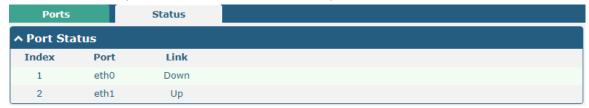
Click the Moutton on the right-most of eth1 to change the port parameters in the port window that pops up.





Port Settings			
Item	Description	Default	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Port	Show the editing port, read only.		
Port Assignment	Choose the Ethernet port's type, as a WAN port or a LAN port. When setting the	lan0	
	port as a LAN port in Interface > LAN > LAN > Network Settings > General Settings,		
	you can click the drop-down list to select from "lan0" or "lan1".		

This column allows you to view the status of Ethernet port.



Click the row of status, the details status information will be display under the row. Please refer to the screenshot below.



# 4.2.4 Cellular

This section allows you to set the related parameters of Cellular. The R1511 Router has one SIM card slot.



Click the right most button of SIM 1 to edit the parameters.

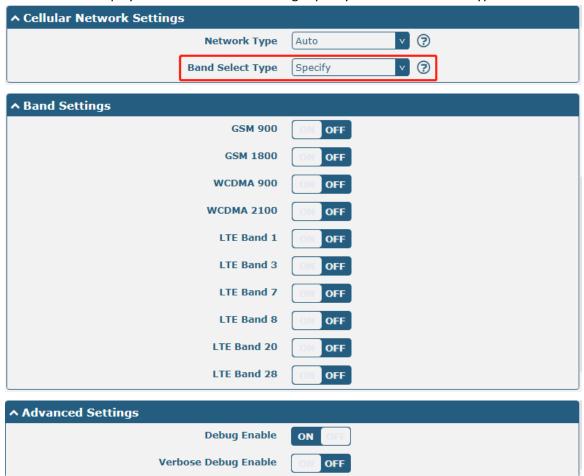




The window is displayed as below when choosing "Auto" as the network type.



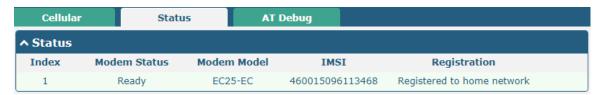
The window is displayed as below when choosing "Specify" as the band select type.





Cellular				
Item	Description			
	General Settings			
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.			
SIM Card	Set the currently editing SIM card.	SIM1		
Phone Number	Enter the phone number of the SIM card.	Null		
PIN Code	Enter a 4-8 characters PIN code used for unlocking the SIM.	Null		
Extra AT Cmd	Enter the AT commands used for cellular initialization.	Null		
Telnet Port	Specify the Port listening of telnet service, used for AT over Telnet.	0		
	Cellular Network Settings			
Network Type	Select from "Auto", "2G Only", "2G First", "3G Only", "3G First", "4G Only", "4G First".  • Auto: Connect to the best signal network automatically  • 2G Only: Only the 2G network is connected  • 2G First: Connect to the 2G Network preferentially  • 3G Only: Only the 3G network is connected  • 3G First: Connect to the 3G Network preferentially  • 4G Only: Only the 4G network is connected  • 4G First: Connect to the 4G Network preferentially	Auto		
Band Select Type	Select from "All" or "Specify". You may choose certain bands if choosing "Specify".	All		
	Advanced Settings	T		
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging information output.	ON		
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose debugging information output.	OFF		

This section allows you to view the status of the cellular connection.





Click the row of status, the details status information will be displayed under the row.

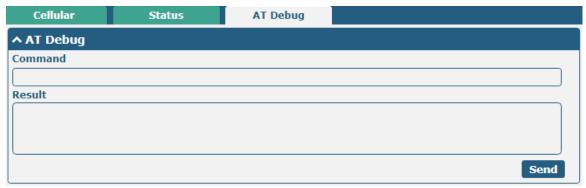
Status				
Index	Modem Status	Modem Model	IMSI	Registration
1	Ready	EC25-EC	460015096113468	Registered to home network
		Index	1	
		Modem Status	Ready	
		Modem Model	EC25-EC	
		Current SIM	SIM1	
		Phone Number		
		IMSI	460015096113468	
ICCID			89860118803669954	130
Registration			Registered to home n	etwork
Network Provider			CHN-UNICOM	
		Network Type	LTE	
		Signal Strength	21 (-71dBm)	
		Bit Error Rate	99	
		PLMN ID	46001	
		Local Area Code	2507	
		Cell ID	6074716	
		IMEI	860425041355320	
	F	irmware Version	EC25ECGAR06A04M1	G

Status		
Item	Description	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Modem Status	Show the status of the radio module.	
Modem Model	Show the model of the radio module.	
Current SIM	Show the SIM card that your router is using.	
Phone Number	Show the phone number of the current SIM.	
	Note: This option will be displayed if enter manually in Cellular > Advanced Cellular	
	Settings > SIM1 > General Settings > Phone Number.	
IMSI	Show the IMSI number of the current SIM.	
ICCID	Show the ICCID number of the current SIM.	
Registration	Show the current network status.	
Network Provider	Show the name of Network Provider.	
Network Type	Show the current network service type, e.g. GPRS.	
Signal Strength	Show the signal strength detected by the mobile.	
RSRP	Show the Reference Signal Received Power. (Only valid for 4G network)	
RSRQ	Show the Reference Signal Received Quality. (Only valid for 4G network)	
SINR	Show the Signal to Interference plus Noise Ratio. (Only valid for 4G network)	
Bit Error Rate	Show the current bit error rate.	



Status		
Item	Description	
PLMN ID	Show the current PLMN ID.	
Local Area Code	Show the current local area code used for identifying different area.	
Community ID	Show the current Community ID used for locating the router.	
IMEI	Show the IMEI (International Mobile Equipment Identity) number of the radio module.	
Firmware Version	Show the current firmware version of the radio module.	

Click the "AT Debug" to detect the AT command.



AT Debug			
Item	Description	Default	
Command	Enter the AT command that you want to send to cellular module in this text box.	Null	
Result	Show the AT command responded by cellular module in this text box.	Null	
Send	Click the button to send AT command.		



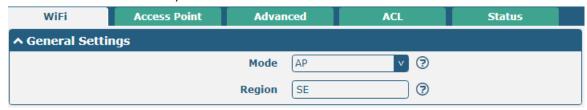
# 4.2.5 WiFi

This section allows you to configure the parameters of WiFi AP and WiFi Client. Router supports either WiFi AP mode or Client mode, and defaults as AP.

### WiFi AP

# **Configure Router as WiFi AP**

Click Interface > WiFi > WiFi, select "AP" as the mode and click "Submit".



**Note:** Please remember to click **Save & Apply** after finish the configuration, so that the configuration can be took effect.

Click the **Access Point** column to configure the parameters of WiFi AP. By default, the security mode is set as "Disabled".





The window is displayed as below when setting "WPA-Personal" as the security mode.

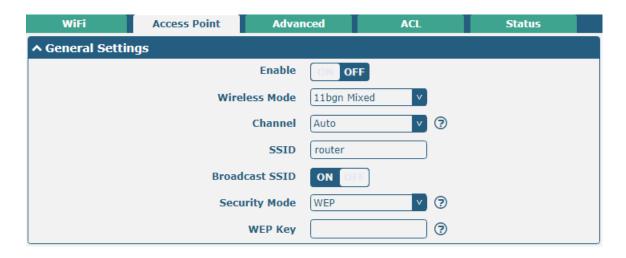


The window is displayed as below when setting "WPA- Enterprise" as the security mode.



The window is displayed as below when setting "WEP" as the security mode.





General Settings @ Access Point		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the WiFi	OFF
	access point option.	
Wireless Mode	Select from "11bgn Mixed mode", "11b only", "11g	11bgn Mixed
	only" and "11n only".	mode
	11bgn Mixed mode: mix three protocols for	
	backward compatibility	
	• 11b only: IEEE 802.11b, 11 Mbps~2.4GHz	
	• 11g only: IEEE 802.11g, 54 Mbps~2.4GHz	
	• 11n only: IEEE 802.11n, 300 Mbps	
	The channel that different bandwidth can choose is as	
	follows.	
	Auto: Router will scan all frequency channels until	
	the best one is found	
	• 1~13 channel will be fixed to work with this	
	channel	
	Following are the frequency of 1~13 channel:	
	1–2412 MHz	
	2–2417 MHz	
Channel	3–2422 MHz	Auto
Chamer	4–2427 MHz	7.000
	5–2432 MHz	
	6–2437 MHz	
	7–2442 MHz	
	8–2447 MHz	
	9–2452 MHz	
	10–2457 MHz	
	11–2462 MHz	
	12–2467 MHz	
	13–2472 MHz	



General Settings @ Access Point		
Item	Description	Default
SSID	Enter the Service Set Identifier, the name of your wireless network. The SSID of a client and the SSID of the AP must be identical for the client and AP to be able to communicate with each other. Enter 1 to 32 characters.	router
Broadcast SSID	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the SSID being broadcast. When enabled, the client can scan your SSID. When disabled, the client cannot scan your SSID. If you want to connect to the router AP, you need to manually enter the SSID of router AP at WiFi client side.	ON
Security Mode	Select from "Disabled", "WPA-Personal", "WPA-Enterprise", or "WEP".  Disabled: User can access the WiFi without password  Note: It is strongly recommended for security purposes that you do not choose this kind of mode.  WPA-personal: WiFi access protection, only one password is provided for identity authentication  WPA- enterprise: Using RADIUS service for Wi Fi security network protection  WEP: Wired Equivalent Privacy provides encryption for wireless device's data transmission	Disabled
WPA Version	Select from "Auto", "WPA" or "WPA2".  • Auto: Router will choose automatically the most suitable WPA version  • WPA2 is a stronger security feature than WPA	Auto
Encryption	<ul> <li>Select from "TKIP" or "AES".</li> <li>TKIP: Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) encryption uses a wireless connection. TKIP encryption can be used for WPA-PSK and WPA 802.1x authentication</li> <li>AES: AES encryption uses a wireless connection. AES can be used for CCMP WPA-PSK and WPA 802.1x authentication. AES is a stronger encryption algorithm than TKIP</li> <li>Note: The security mode will affect wireless communication rate. Different wireless modes support different encryption modes. For example, 802.11n supports neither WEP security mode nor TKIP algorithm. If they are used, the wireless communication rate will reduce to 54Mbps (802.11g mode). It is recommended to select AES in 802.11n mode.</li> </ul>	Auto



General Settings @ Access Point		
Item	Description	Default
PSK Password	Enter the Pre share key password. Enter 8 to 63	Null
	characters.	
Group Key Update Interval	Enter the time period of group key renewal.	3600
Radius Authentication	Address used by RADIUS Server	Null
Server Address	Address used by RADIO3 Server	Null
Radius Authentication	Port used by RADIUS Server	1812
Server port	Port used by RADIO3 Server	1012
Radius Authentication	A trust connection is established between RADIUS client	
Server Share Key	and RADIUS server, and the interaction of	Null
Server Strate Rey	authentication message is ensured by shared key	
WEP Key	Enter the WEP key. The key length should be 10 or 26	Null
	hexadecimal digits depending on which WEP key is	
	used, 64 digits or 128 digits.	

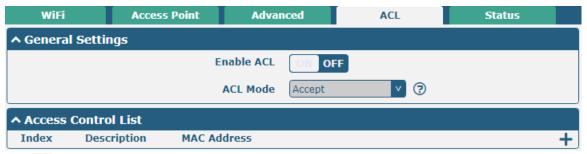


^ Advanced Settings	
Max Associated Stations	64
Beacon Interval	100
DTIM Period	2
RTS Threshold	2347
Fragmentation Threshold	2346
Transmit Rate	Auto
11N Transmit Rate	Auto
Transmit Power	Max
Channel Width	Auto v 🥱
Enable Short GI	ON OFF ?
Enable AP Isolation	ON OFF ?
Debug Level	None

Advanced Settings @ Access Point		
Item	Description	Default
Max Associated Stations	Set the max number of clients allowed to access the router's AP.	64
Beacon Interval	Set the interval of time in which the router AP broadcasts a beacon	100
	which is used for wireless network authentication.	
DTIM Period	Set the delivery traffic indication message period and the router AP	2
	will multicast the data according to this period.	
RTS/CTS Threshold	Set the threshold of "request to send", which is the request to send a	2347
	threshold. When the threshold set as 2347, the router AP will not	
	send detection signal before sending data. And when the threshold	
	set as 0, the router AP will send detection signal before sending data.	
Fragmentation Threshold	Set the fragmentation threshold of a WiFi AP. It is recommended that	2346
	you use the default value 2346.	
Transmit Rate	Specify the data transfer rate or default to automatic.	Auto
11N Transmit Rate	Specifiy the data transfer rate in IEEE 802.11n WiFi mode or default	Auto
TIN Hansilit Rate	to automatic.	Auto
Transmit Power	Select the transmit power level. Select from "Max", "High",	Max
	"Medium" or "Low".	
	Optional channel width is "Auto", "20MHz" or "40MHz".	
Channel width	Note: The 40MHz channel bandwidth provides an available data	Auto
	transfer rate that is more than twice that of a single 20MHz channel.	
Enable Short GI	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Short Guard Interval	ON
	option. Short GI is a blank time between two symbols, providing a	
	long buffer time for signal delay. Using the Short GI would increase	



Advanced Settings @ Access Point		
Item	Description	Default
	11% in data rates, but also result in higher packet error rates.	
Enable AP Isolation	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the AP isolation option.	OFF
	When enabled, the router will isolate all connected wireless devices.	
	The wireless device cannot access the router directly via WLAN.	
Debug Level	Select from "verbose", "debug", "info", "notice", "warning" or	none
	"none".	



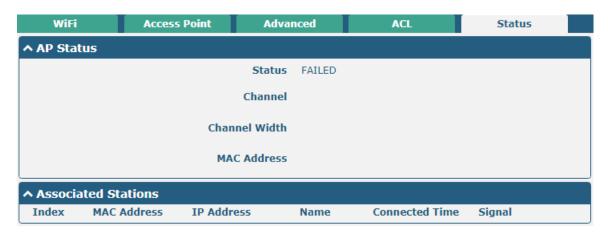
Click + to add a MAC address to the Access Control List. The maximum count for MAC address is 64.



ACL Settings @ Access Point		
Item	Description	Default
Enable ACL	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option.	OFF
ACL Mode	Select ACL mode. Select from "Accept" or "Deny".	Accept
	Accept: Only the packets fitting the entities of the "Access Control	
	List" can be allowed	
	Deny: All the packets fitting the entities of the "Access Control	
	List" will be denied	
	Note: Router can only allow or deny devices which are included in	
	"Access Control List" at one time.	
Access Control List @ Access Point		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this access control list.	Null
MAC Address	Add a MAC address here.	Null

This section allows you to view the status of AP.



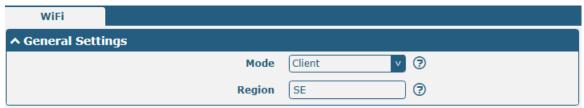


Note: WiFi is off by default. Follow the steps below to enable it and configure the router as WiFi client.

### WiFi Client

#### **Configure Router as WiFi Client**

Click Interface > WiFi > WiFi, select "Client" as the mode and regarding the AP type to choose the related Client Band then click "Submit".



And then a "WLAN" column will appear under the Interface list.

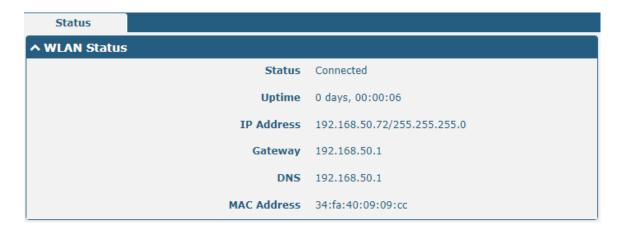


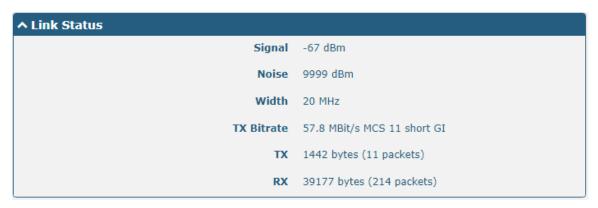
Click Interface > Link Manager > Link Settings, and click the edit button of WLAN, then configure its related parameters.

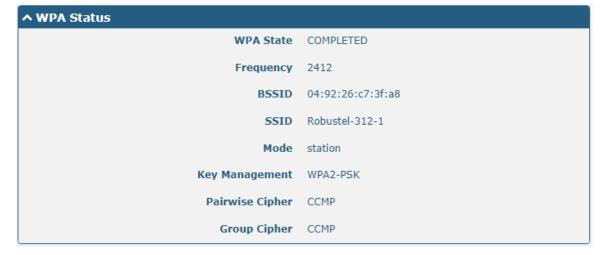


Click Interface > WLAN to configure the parameters of WiFi Client after setting the mode as Client.







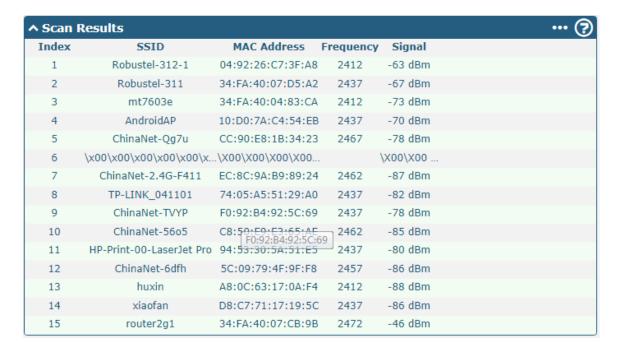


This window allows you to scan for all available SSIDs in your area. Please click and "Scan Results" list to refresh the surrounding SSID.



RT061\_UG\_R1511\_v.1.0.1 May 28, 2021 57/142



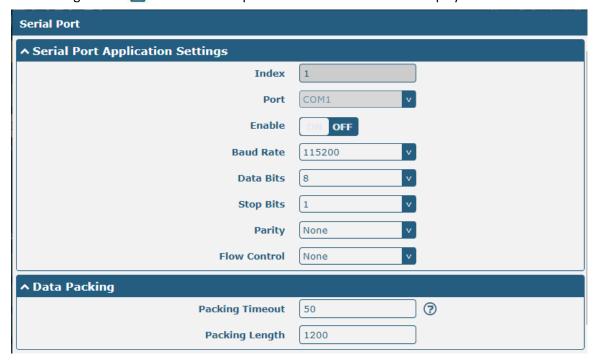


# 4.2.6 Serial port

This section allows you to set the parameters of serial port. The R1511 router supports COM1, which can convert serial port data into IP data or convert IP data into serial port data, and then transmit the data through a wired or wireless network, thereby achieving the function of transparent data transmission.



Click the right-most M button of serial port as below. The window is displayed as below.





59/142



In the "Server Settings" column, when you select "Transparent Transmission" as the application mode and "TCP Client" as the protocol, the window is as follows:

↑ Server Setting	
Application Mode	Transparent
Protocol	TCP Client v
Server Address	
Server Port	

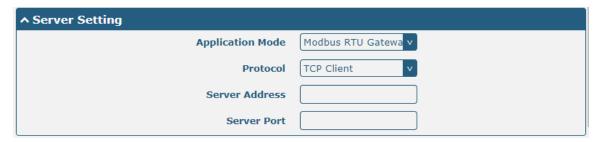
When selecting "Transparent Transmission" as the application mode and "TCP Server" as the protocol, the window is as follows:

↑ Server Setting	
Application Mode	Transparent
Protocol	TCP Server v
Local IP	
Local Port	

When selecting "Transparent Transmission" as the application mode and "UDP" as the protocol, the window is as follows:

↑ Server Setting	
Application Mode	Transparent v
Protocol	UDP
Local IP	
Local Port	
Server Address	
Server Port	

When selecting "ModBus RTU Gateway" as the application mode and "TCP Client" as the protocol, the window is as follows:



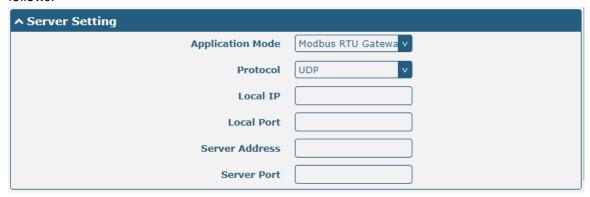
When selecting "ModBus RTU Gateway" as the application mode and "TCP Server" as the protocol, the window is as



#### follows:

↑ Server Setting	
Application Mode	Modbus RTU Gatewa v
Protocol	TCP Server v
Local IP	
Local Port	

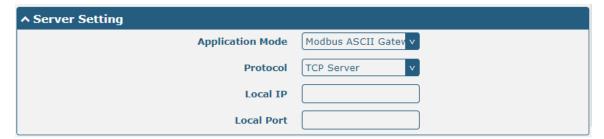
When selecting "ModBus RTU Gateway" as the application mode and "UDP" as the protocol, the window is as follows:



When selecting "ModBus ASCII Gateway" as the application mode and "TCP Client" as the protocol, the window is as follows:



When selecting "ModBus ASCII Gateway" as the application mode and "TCP Server" as the protocol, the window is as follows:



When selecting "ModBus ASCII Gateway" as the application mode and "UDP" as the protocol, the window is as follows:



↑ Server Setting	
Application Mode	Modbus ASCII Gatev v
Protocol	UDP
Local IP	
Local Port	
Server Address	
Server Port	

General Settings @ Serial Port					
Item	Description	Default			
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.				
port	Indicate the name of the current serial port and cannot be edited.	COM1			
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this port.	OFF			
Baud rate	Select from "300", "600", "1200", "2400", "4800", "9600", "19200", "38400", "57600" and "115200".	115200			
Data bit	Select from "7" and "8".	8			
Stop bit	Select from "1" and "2".	1			
Check Digit	Select from "None", "Odd Parity" and "Even Parity".	No			
Flow Control	Select from "None", "Hardware" and "Software".	No			
	Data packing				
Packing timeout	Set the packaging timeout period. The serial port arranges the data in the buffer, and when the interval timeout period is reached, it will send the data to the mobile WAN/Ethernet WAN. The unit is milliseconds.  Note: Even if the interval timeout period is not reached, the data will be sent when it is the same as the specified packet length or the set delimiter.	50			
Packed data length	Set the length of the packed data. The packet length setting refers to the maximum amount of data that the serial buffer allows to accumulate before sending. When the packet length is set to 0, the maximum amount of data is not specified; when the specified interval timeout time is reached, when the set delimiter is detected or the buffer is full, the data in the buffer will be sent out; when the packet When the length is specified as between 1 and 3000 bytes, the data in the buffer will be sent out when it reaches the specified length.  Note: Even if the preset packet length is not reached, the data will be sent out when the specified interval timeout time or the set delimiter is reached.	1200			
	Server settings	Г			
Application mode	<ul> <li>Select from "Transparent Transmission", "ModBus RTU Gateway", and "ModBus ASCII Gateway".</li> <li>Transparent transmission: The router will transparently transmit serial data that is not encapsulated with any protocol</li> <li>ModBus RTU gateway: the router converts ModBus RTU data into ModBus TCP data, and vice versa</li> </ul>	Transparent Transmission			



General Settings @ Serial Port					
Item	Description	Default			
	ModBus ASCII gateway: the router converts ModBus ASCII data into				
	ModBus TCP data, and vice versa				
Protocol	Select from "TCP Client", "TCP Server", and "UDP".				
	TCP client: The router acts as a TCP client and initiates a TCP connection				
	to the TCP server. The server address can be either an IP address or a				
	domain name	TCP Client			
	TCP server: The router acts as a TCP server and listens to connection				
	requests from TCP clients				
	UDP: The router acts as a UDP client				
Server address	Enter the address of the opposite server.	Null			
Server port	Enter the port of the opposite server.	Null			
Local					
IP@Transparent	Enter the IP address of the router.	Null			
Transmission					
Local port @					
transparent	Enter the local port of TCP or UDP.	Null			
transmission					
Local IP@ModBus	Enter the IP address of the router.	Null			
gateway	Litter the ir address of the fouter.	INUII			
Local port@	Enter the local port of ModBus.	Null			
ModBus gateway	Litter the local port of Moubus.	INUII			

Click the "Status" column to view the current serial port type.

Serial P	ort	Status		
^ Serial	Port Status	5		
Index	Туре	TX	RX	Connection Status
1	RS232	0B	0B	

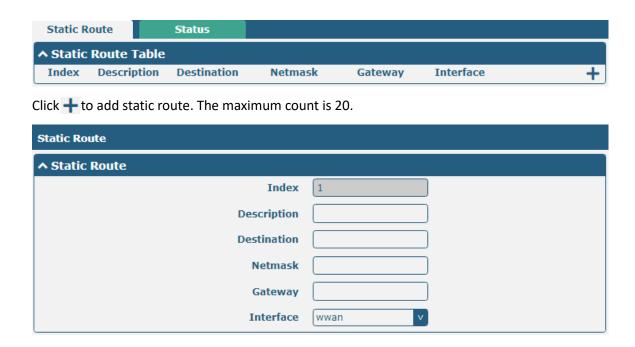


# 4.3 Network

# 4.3.1 Route

This section allows you to set the static route. Up to 20 static routes can be added to the router. Static route is a form of routing that occurs when a router uses a manually-configured routing entry, rather than information from a dynamic routing traffic. Route Information Protocol (RIP) is widely used in small network with stable use rate. Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) is made router within a single autonomous system and used in large network. Click network > route > static route to enter the static route table, which allows users to manually add, remove, or modify static route rules.

### **Static Route**

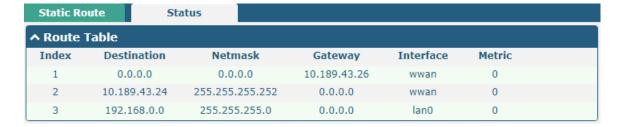


Static Route				
Item	Description	Default		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.			
Description	Enter a description for this route.	Null		
Destination	Enter the IP address of destination host or destination network.	Null		
Netmask	Enter the Netmask of destination host or destination network.	Null		
Gateway	Define the gateway of the destination.	Null		
Interface	Choose the corresponding port of the link that you want to configure.	wwan		

#### **Status**

This window allows you to view the status of route.





# 4.3.2 Firewall

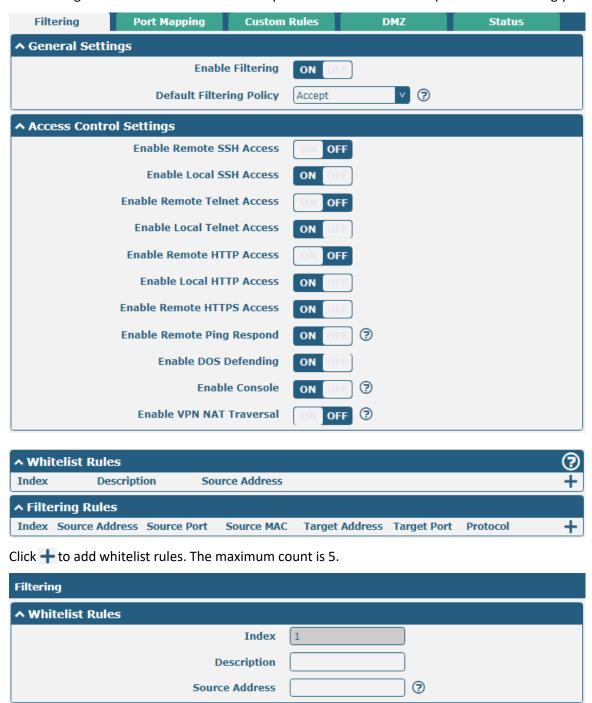
This section allows you to set the firewall and its related parameters, including Filtering, Port Mapping, Custom Rules, DMZ and Status. Filtering rules allow users to custom accept or discard a specified access source, filtering its IP address or MAC address.

Click "> firewall > filter" to display as follows:



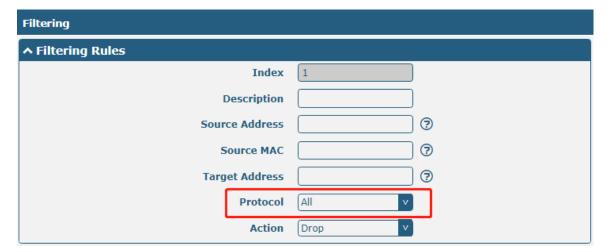
# **Filtering**

The filtering rules can be used to either accept or block certain users or ports from accessing your router.



Click + to add filtering rules. The maximum count is 50. The window is displayed as below when defaulting "All" or choosing "ICMP" as the protocol. Here take "All" as an example.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "TCP", "UDP" or "TCP-UDP" as the protocol. Here take "TCP" as an example.



Filtering					
Item Description					
	General Settings				
Enable Filtering	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the filtering option.	ON			
Default Filtering Policy	Select from "Accept" or "Drop". Cannot be changed when filtering	Accept			
	rules table is not empty.				
	Accept: Router will accept all the connecting requests except the				
	hosts which fit the drop filter list				
	Drop: Router will drop all the connecting requests except the				
	hosts which fit the accept filter list				
	Access Control Settings				
Enable Remote SSH Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	OFF			
	the Internet user can access the router remotely via SSH.				
Enable Local SSH Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON			
	the LAN user can access the router locally via SSH.				

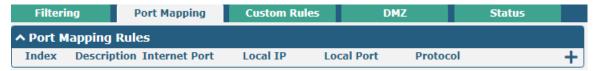


Filtering					
Item	Description	Default			
Enable Remote Telnet Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	OFF			
	the Internet user can access the router remotely via Telnet.				
Enable Local Telnet Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON			
	the LAN user can access the router locally via Telnet.				
Enable Remote HTTP Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	OFF			
	the Internet user can access the router remotely via HTTP.				
Enable Local HTTP Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON			
	the LAN user can access the router locally via HTTP.				
Enable Remote HTTPS Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON			
	the Internet user can access the router remotely via HTTPS.				
Enable Remote Ping Respond	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON			
	the router will reply to the Ping requests from other hosts on the				
	Internet.				
Enable DOS Defending	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON			
	the router will defend the DOS. Dos attack is an attempt to make a				
	machine or network resource unavailable to its intended users.				
Enable debug	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option.	ON			
Enable VPN NAT traversal	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	OFF			
LIIADIE VI IV IVAI LIAVEISAI	enable NAT traversal for the GRE/L2TP/PPTP VPN package.	011			
	White list				
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.				
Description	Enter a description for this filtering rule.	Null			
Source Address	Defines if access is allowed from one or a range of IP addresses which	Null			
	are defined by Source IP Address, or every IP addresses.				
	Filtering rule				
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.				
Description	Enter a description for this filtering rule.	Null			
Source Port	Specify an access originator and enter its source port.	Null			
Source MAC	Enter the MAC address of the defined source IP address.	Null			
Target Address	Defines if access is allowed to one or a range of IP addresses which are	Null			
	defined by Target IP Address, or every IP addresses.				
Target Port	Enter the target port which the access originator wants to access.	Null			
Protocol	Select from "All", "TCP", "UDP", "ICMP" or "TCP-UDP".	All			
	<b>Note</b> : It is recommended that you choose "All" if you don't know				
	which protocol of your application to use.				
Action	Select from "Accept" or "Drop".	Drop			
	Accept: When Default Filtering Policy is drop, router will drop all				
	the connecting requests except the hosts which fit this accept				
	filtering list				
	Drop: When Default Filtering Policy is accept, router will accept all				
	the connecting requests except the hosts which fit this drop				
	filtering list				

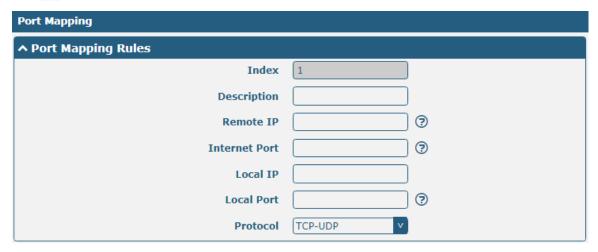


# **Port Mapping**

Port mapping is defined manually in the router, and the data received from some ports in the public network are all forwarded to a port of an IP in the internal network. Click "network > firewall > port map" to display as follows:



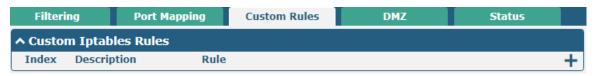
Click + to add port mapping rules. The maximum rule count is 50.



Port Mapping Rules				
Item	Description	Default		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.			
Description	Enter a description for this port mapping.	Null		
Remote IP	Specify the host or network which can access to the local IP address.	Null		
	Empty means unlimited. e.g. 10.10.10.10/255.255.255.255 or			
	192.168.1.0/24			
Internet Port	Set the internet port of router which can be accessed by other hosts from	Null		
	internet.			
Local IP	Enter router's LAN IP which will forward to the internet port of router.	Null		
Local Port	Enter the port of router's LAN IP.	Null		
Protocol	Select from "TCP", "UDP" or "TCP-UDP" as your application required.	TCP-UDP		

#### **Custom Rules**

"Custom Rules" meets customer's demand for personal filtering of IP package, filter data usage of a website for example. Users can add any iptables rules which meet the iptables rule format standard in this list.





Click + to add custom rules.



Custom firewall Rules				
Item	Description	Default		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.			
Description	Enter a description for this custom rule.	Null		
Rule	Specify one custom rule.	Null		

#### **DMZ**

The DMZ, also known as the Demilitarized Zone, is being transformed into a large swath of land. It is to solve the problem that the access user of the external network cannot access the internal network server after installing the firewall, and set up a buffer between the non-secure system and the secure system. A DMZ host is an Intranet host that has open access to all ports except the occupied and forwarded ports to the specified address.

Click "> firewall > DMZ" to display the following:



	DMZ Settings				
Item	Description	Default			
Enable DMZ	Click the toggle button to enable/disable DMZ. DMZ host is a host on the	OFF			
	internal network that has all ports exposed, except those ports otherwise				
	forwarded.				
Host IP Address	Enter the IP address of the DMZ host on your internal network.	Null			
Source IP Address	Set the address which can talk to the DMZ host. 0.0.0.0 means for any	Null			
	addresses.				

### **Status**

This window allows you to view the status of chain input, chain forward and chain output.



Filteri	ng	Port Map	ping	Custom Ru	ıles	DMZ	Status	
^ Chain	↑ Chain Input							
Index	Packets	Target	Protocol	In	Out	Source	Destination	П
1	0	DROP	tcp	wwan	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	
2	0	DROP	tcp	wwan	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	
3	0	DROP	tcp	wwan	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	
4	0	REJECT	tcp	*	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	
5	10	ACCEPT	tcp	*	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	
6	0	DROP	tcp	*	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	
7	8	ACCEPT	tcp	*	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	
8	0	DROP	tcp	*	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	
9	0	ACCEPT	icmp	*	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	
10	0	DROP	icmp	*	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	
^ Chain	Forward							
Index	Packets	Target	Protocol	In	Out	Source	Destination	
1	0	TCPMSS	tcp	*	*	0.0.0.0/0	0.0.0.0/0	
^ Chain	Output							
Index	Packets	Target	Protocol	In	Out	Source	Destination	

# 4.3.3 IP Passthrough

Click **Network > IP Passthrough > IP Passthrough** to enable or disable the IP Pass-through option.



If router enables the IP Pass-through, the terminal device (such as PC) will enable the DHCP Client mode and connect to LAN port of the router; and after the router dial up successfully, the PC will automatically obtain the IP address and DNS server address which assigned by ISP.

### 4.4 VPN

# 4.4.1 IPsec

This section allows you to set the IPsec and the related parameters. Internet Protocol Security (IPsec) is a protocol suite for secure Internet Protocol (IP) communications that works by authenticating and encrypting each IP packet of a communication session.

Click **VPN > IPsec > general** to set IPsec parameters.

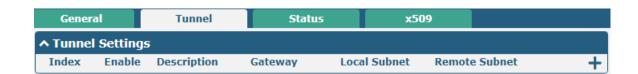


# General

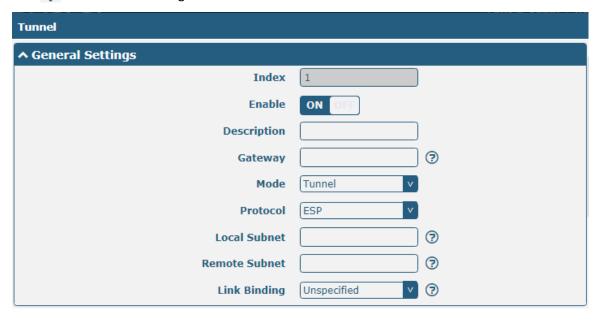


General Settings @ General				
Item	Description	Default		
Keepalive	Set the time to live in seconds. The router sends keep-alive packets to the	20		
	NAT (Network Address Translation) server at regular intervals to prevent			
	the records on the NAT table from disappearing.			
Optimize DH Exponent	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, when	OFF		
size	using dhgroup17 or dhgroup18, it helps to shorten the time to generate			
	the dh key.			
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for IPsec VPN	OFF		
	information output to the debug port.			

# **Tunnel**



Click + to add tunnel settings. The maximum count is 6.





	General Settings @ Tunnel					
Item	Description	Default				
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.					
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this IPsec tunnel.	ON				
Description	Enter a description for this IPsec tunnel.	Null				
Gateway	Enter the address of remote side IPsec VPN server. 0.0.0.0 means for any address.	Null				
Mode	<ul> <li>Select from "Tunnel" and "Transport".</li> <li>Tunnel: Commonly used between routers, or at an end-station to a router, the router acting as a proxy for the hosts behind it</li> <li>Transport: Used between end-stations or between an end-station and a router, if the router is being treated as a host-for example, an encrypted Telnet session from a workstation to a router, in which the router is the actual destination</li> </ul>	Tunnel				
Protocol	Select the security protocols from "ESP" and "AH".  • ESP: Use the ESP protocol  • AH: Use the AH protocol	ESP				
Local Subnet	Enter the local subnet's address with mask protected by IPsec, e.g. 192.168.1.0/24	Null				
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote subnet's address with mask protected by IPsec, e.g. 10.8.0.0/24	Null				
Link Binding	Select from"WWAN1", "WAN", or "WLAN".	Not bound				

The window is displayed as below when choosing "PSK" as the authentication type.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "CA" as the authentication type.



↑ IKE Settings	
IKE Type	IKEv1 v
Negotiation Mode	Main
Encryption Algorithm	3DES v
Authentication Algorithm	SHA1 v
IKE DH Group	DHgroup2 v
Authentication Type	CA v
Private Key Password	
IKE Lifetime	86400

The window is displayed as below when choosing "PKCS#12" as the authentication type.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "xAuth PSK" as the authentication type.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "xAuth CA" as the authentication type.



↑ IKE Settings	
IKE Type	IKEv1 v
Negotiation Mode	Main
Encryption Algorithm	3DES v
Authentication Algorithm	SHA1 v
IKE DH Group	DHgroup2 v
Authentication Type	xAuth CA v
Private Key Password	
Username	<b>②</b>
Password	<b>3</b>
IKE Lifetime	86400

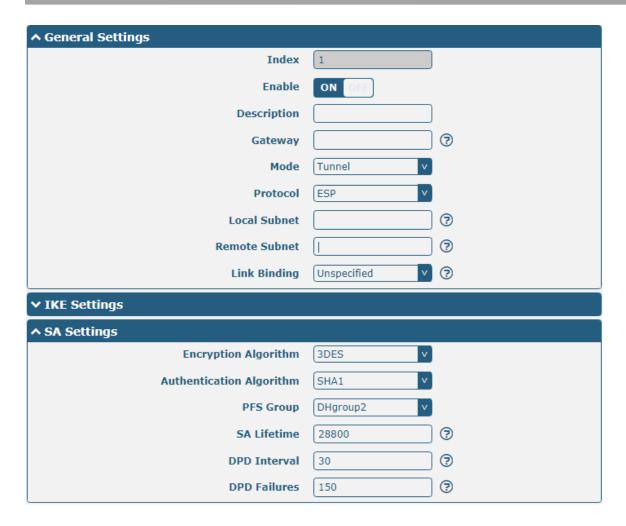
	IKE Settings			
Item	Description			
IKE Type	Select from "IKEv1" and "IKEv2".			
Negotiation Mode	Select from "Main" and "Aggressive" for the IKE negotiation mode in phase 1.			
	If the IP address of one end of an IPsec tunnel is obtained dynamically, the IKE Mode			
	negotiation mode must be aggressive. In this case, SAs can be established as			
	long as the username and password are correct.			
Encryption Algorithm	Select from "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" and "AES256" to be used in IKE 3DES			
	negotiation.			
	3DES: Use 168-bit 3DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode			
	AES128: Use 128-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode			
	AES192: Use 192-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode			
	AES256: Use 256-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode			
Authentication	Select from "MD5", "SHA1", "SHA2 256" or "SHA2 512" to be used in IKE SHA1			
Algorithm	negotiation.	negotiation.		
IKE DH Group	Select from "DHgroup1", "DHgroup2", "DHgroup5", "DHgroup14", DHgro			
	"DHgroup15", "DHgroup16", "DHgroup17" or "DHgroup18" to be used in key			
	negotiation phase 1.			
Authentication Type	Select from "PSK", "CA", "PKCS#12", "xAuth PSK" and "xAuth CA" to be used	PSK		
	in IKE negotiation.			
	PSK: Pre-shared Key			
	CA: x509 Certification Authority			
	xAuth: Extended Authentication to AAA server			
	PKCS#12: Exchange digital certificate authentication			
PSK Secret	Enter the pre-shared key.	Null		
Local ID Type	Select from "Default", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE negotiation.	Default		
	Default: Uses an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation			
	FQDN: Uses an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is			
	selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security			



IKE Settings			
Item	Description		
	router, e.g., test.robustel.com		
	User FQDN: Uses a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this		
	option is selected, type a name string with a sign "@" for the local		
	security router, e.g., test@robustel.com		
Remote ID Type	Select from "Default", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE negotiation.	Default	
	Default: Uses an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation		
	FQDN: Uses an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is		
	selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security		
	router, e.g., test.robustel.com		
	User FQDN: Uses a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this		
	option is selected, type a name string with a sign "@" for the local		
	security router, e.g., test@robustel.com		
IKE Lifetime	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Before an SA expires, IKE negotiates a new 86400		
	SA. As soon as the new SA is set up, it takes effect immediately and the old		
	one will be cleared automatically when it expires.		
Private Key Password	Enter the private key under the "CA" and "xAuth CA" authentication types. Null		
Username	Enter the username used for the "xAuth PSK" and "xAuth CA" authentication Null		
	types.		
Password	Enter the password used for the "xAuth PSK" and "xAuth CA" authentication Null		
	types.		

If click **VPN > IPsec > Tunnel > General Settings**, and choose **ESP** as protocol. The specific parameter configuration is shown as below.





If choose **AH** as protocol, the window of SA Settings is displayed as below.





↑ SA Settings	
Authentication Algorithm	SHA1 v
PFS Group	DHgroup2 v
SA Lifetime	28800 🕝
DPD Interval	30
DPD Failures	[150]
^ Advanced Settings	
Enable Compression	OM OFF
Enable Forceencaps	ON OFF ⑦
Expert Options	?

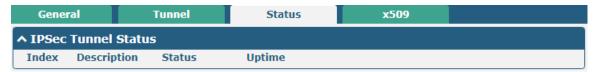
SA Settings			
Item	Description		
Encrypt Algorithm	Select from "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" or "AES256" when you select "ESP"	3DES	
	in "Protocol". Higher security means more complex implementation and		
	lower speed. DES is enough to meet general requirements. Use 3DES when		
	high confidentiality and security are required.		
Authentication	Select from "MD5", "SHA1", "SHA2 256" or "SHA2 512" to be used in SA	SHA1	
Algorithm	negotiation.		
PFS Group	Select from "PFS (N/A)", "DHgroup1", "DHgroup2", "DHgroup5",	DHgroup2	
	"DHgroup14", "DHgroup15", "DHgroup16", "DHgroup17" or "DHgroup18"		
	to be used in SA negotiation.		
SA Lifetime	Set the IPsec SA lifetime. When negotiating to set up IPsec SAs, IKE uses the	28800	
	smaller one between the lifetime set locally and the lifetime proposed by		
	the peer.		
DPD Interval	Set the interval after which DPD is triggered if no IPsec protected packets is	30	
	received from the peer. DPD is a Dead peer detection. DPD irregularly		
	detects dead IKE peers. When the local end sends an IPsec packet, DPD		
checks the time the last IPsec packet was received from the peer. If the time			
	exceeds the DPD interval, it sends a DPD hello to the peer. If the local end		
receives no DPD acknowledgment within the DPD packet retransmission			
interval, it retransmits the DPD hello. If the local end still receives r			
	acknowledgment after having made the maximum number of		
	retransmission attempts, it considers the peer already dead, and clears the		
	IKE SA and the IPsec SAs based on the IKE SA.		
DPD Failures	Set the timeout of DPD (Dead Peer Detection) packets.		
Advanced Settings			
<b>Enable Compression</b>	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to compress	OFF	
	the inner headers of IP packets.		
Enable Forced	Click the switch button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, UDP		
Encapsulation Forced	encapsulation of esp packets is enforced even if NAT conditions are not	OFF	
Liicapsulation	detected. This may help overcome restrictive firewalls.		



SA Settings		
Item Description Default		Default
Expert Options	Add more PPP configuration options here, format: config-desc;config-desc, null	
e.g. protostack=netkey;plutodebug=none		

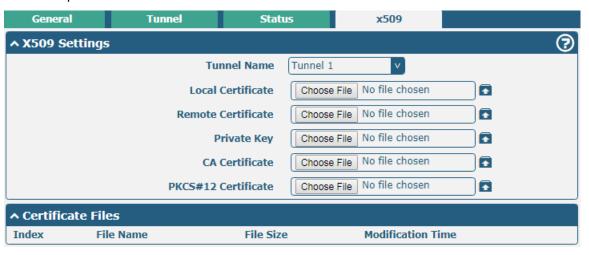
#### **Status**

This section allows you to view the status of the IPsec tunnel.



### x509

User can upload the CA certificates for the IPsec tunnel in this section.



x509			
Item	Description		
	X509 Settings		
Tunnel Name	Choose a valid tunnel. Choose from tunnel 1, tunnel 2, tunnel 3, tunnel 4,	Tunnel 1	
	tunnel 5, and tunnel 6.		
Local Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to locate the certificate file from local computer, and		
	then import this file into your router.		
Remote Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to locate the certificate file from remote computer,		
	and then import this file into your router.		
Private Key	Click on "Choose File" to locate the private key file.		
CA certificate	Select the root certificate file to import into the router.		
PKCS # 12	Select the PKCS#12 certificate file to import into the router		
certificate			



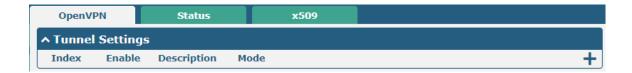
x509		
Item Description Defaul		Default
X509 Settings		
Certificate Files		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Filename	Show the imported certificate's name.	Null
File Size	Show the size of the certificate file.	Null
Modification Time	Show the timestamp of that the last time to modify the certificate file.	Null

# 4.4.2 OpenVPN

This section allows you to set the OpenVPN and the related parameters. OpenVPN is an open-source software application that implements virtual private network (VPN) techniques for creating secure point-to-point or site-to-site connections in routed or bridged configurations and remote access facilities. Router supports point-to-point and point-to-points connections.

Click "VPN > OpenVPN > OpenVPN" to display as follows:

### **OpenVPN**



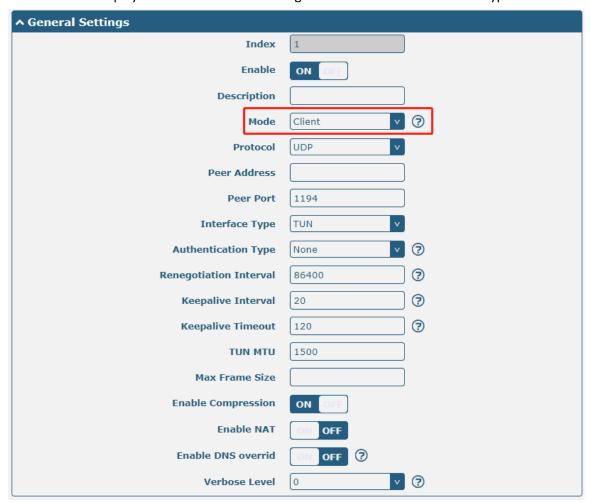
Click to add tunnel settings. The maximum count is 6. By default, the mode is "P2P". The window is displayed as below when choosing "P2P" as the mode.



↑ General Settings		
Index	1	
Enable	ON OFF	
Description		
Mode	P2P v	<b>③</b>
TLS Mode	None	3
Protocol	UDP	
Peer Address		
Peer Port	1194	
Listen IP Address		
Listen Port	1194	
Interface Type	TUN	
Authentication Type	None	3
Local IP	10.8.0.1	
Remote IP	10.8.0.2	
Keepalive Interval	20	?
Keepalive Timeout	120	3
TUN MTU	1500	
Max Frame Size		
Enable Compression	ON OFF	
Enable NAT	ON OFF	
Verbose Level	0 v	9

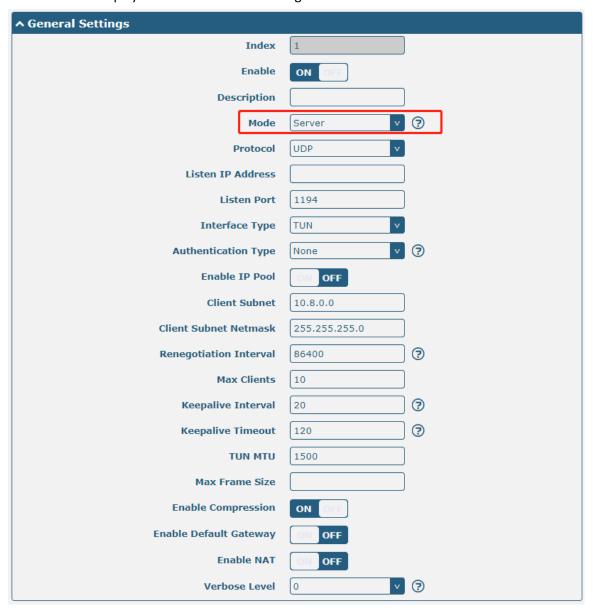


The window is displayed as below when choosing "Client" as the authentication type.



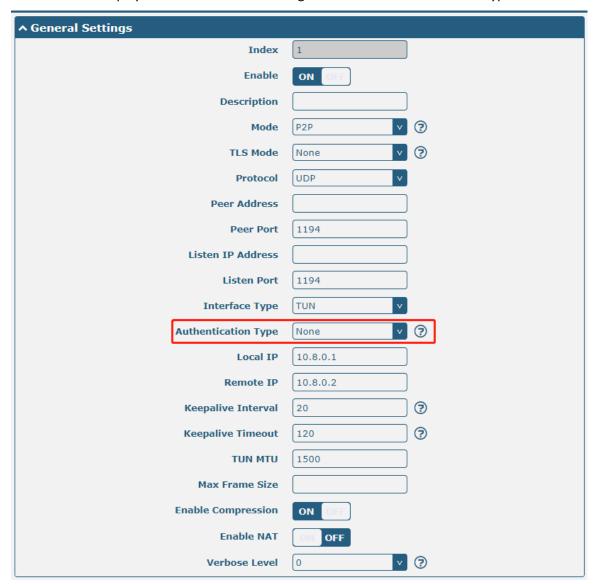


The window is displayed as below when choosing "Server" as the mode.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "None" as the authentication type.



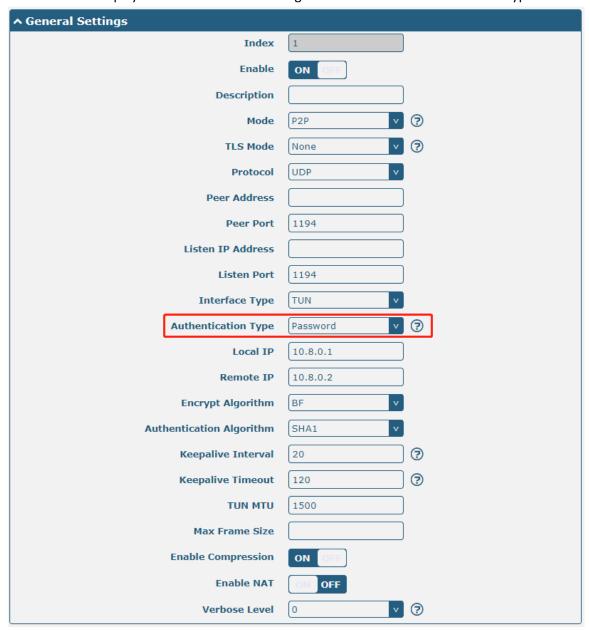


The window is displayed as below when choosing "Preshared" as the authentication type.

↑ General Settings	
Index	1
Enable	ON OFF
Description	
Mode	P2P
TLS Mode	None v 🥱
Protocol	UDP
Peer Address	
Peer Port	1194
Listen IP Address	
Listen Port	1194
Interface Type	TUN
Authentication Type	Preshared v 🥱
Local IP	10.8.0.1
Remote IP	10.8.0.2
Encrypt Algorithm	BF v
Authentication Algorithm	SHA1 v
Keepalive Interval	20
Keepalive Timeout	120
TUN MTU	1500
Max Frame Size	
Enable Compression	ON OFF
Enable NAT	ON OFF



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Password" as the authentication type.



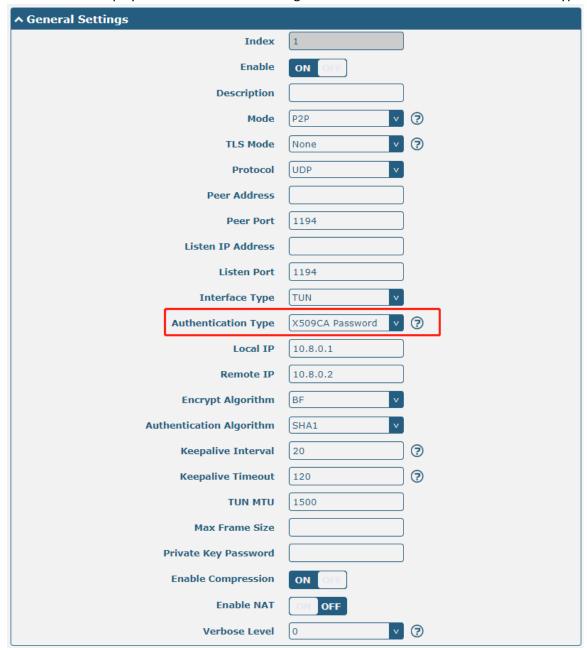


The window is displayed as below when choosing "X509CA" as the authentication type.

↑ General Settings	
Index	1
Enable	ON OFF
Description	
Mode	P2P
TLS Mode	None y 🥱
Protocol	UDP v
Peer Address	
Peer Port	1194
Listen IP Address	
Listen Port	1194
Interface Type	TUN
Authentication Type	X509CA
Local IP	10.8.0.1
Remote IP	10.8.0.2
Encrypt Algorithm	BF v
Authentication Algorithm	SHA1 v
Keepalive Interval	20 🥱
Keepalive Timeout	120
TUN MTU	1500
Max Frame Size	
Private Key Password	
Enable Compression	ON OFF
Enable NAT	ON OFF
Verbose Level	0 7



The window is displayed as below when choosing "X509CA Password" as the authentication type.



When "mode" selects "Client", the window displays as follows:

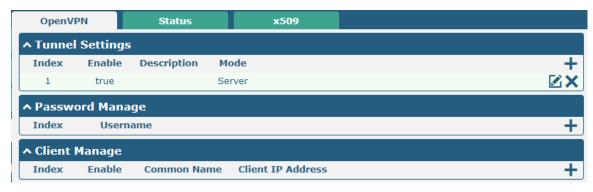




When "mode" is selected "Server", the window displays as follows:



When "mode" selects "Server" and "authentication mode" selects "X509 certificate and password", the window of "VPN > OpenVPN"



Click user password management + to add a user name and password, as shown below.



Click client administration + to client information, as shown below.



General Settings @ OpenVPN		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	



General Settings @ OpenVPN		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this OpenVPN tunnel.	ON
Description	Enter a description for this OpenVPN tunnel.	Null
Mode	Select from "P2P" or "Client".	P2P
TLS Mode	Select from "None", "Client" or "server".	None
Protocol	Select from "UDP", "TCP-Client" or "TCP-Server".	UDP
Peer Address	Enter the end-to-end IP address or the domain of the remote OpenVPN server.	Null
Peer Port	Enter the end-to-end listener port or the listener port of the OpenVPN server.	1194
Listen Address	Enter the Listen address	Null
Listen Port	Enter the Listen port	1194
Interface Type	Select from "TUN", "TAP" which are two different kinds of device interface for OpenVPN. The difference between TUN and TAP device is that a TUN device is a point-to-point virtual device on network while a TAP device is a virtual device on Ethernet.	TUN
Authentication Type	Select from "None", "Preshared", "Password", "X509CA" and "X509CA Password".  Note: "None" and "Preshared" authentication type are only working with P2P mode.	None
Enable IP address pool	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the IP address pool allocation function.	OFF
Initial address	Define the IP address pool start to assign addresses to OpenVPN clients.	10.8.0.5
End address	Defines the end of the IP address pool that assigns addresses to OpenVPN clients.	10.8.0.254
Client network	Enter the IP of Client network.	10.8.0.0
Client network mask	Enter the Client network mask.	255.255.255.0
Local IP	Enter the local virtual IP.	10.8.0.1
Remote IP	Enter the remote virtual IP.	10.8.0.2
Username	Enter the username used for "Password" or "X509CA Password" authentication type.	Null
Password	Enter the password used for "Password" or "X509CA Password" authentication type.	Null
Encrypt Algorithm	Select from "BF", "DES", "DES-EDE3", "AES128", "AES192" and  "AES256".  BF: Use 128-bit BF encryption algorithm in CBC mode  DES: Use 64-bit DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode  DES-EDE3: Use 192-bit 3DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode  AES128: Use 128-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode  AES192: Use 192-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode  AES256: Use 256-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	BF
Renegotiation Interval	Set the renegotiation interval. If connection failed, OpenVPN will renegotiate when the renegotiation interval reached.	86400



General Settings @ OpenVPN		
Item	Description	Default
Max number of clients	Set the maximum number of clients allowed to access the OpenVPN server.	10
Keepalive Interval	Set keepalive (ping) interval to check if the tunnel is active.	20
Keepalive Timeout	Set the keepalive timeout. Trigger OpenVPN restart after n seconds pass without reception of a ping or other packet from remote.	120
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit.	1500
Data fragmentation	Set the maximum frame length.	Null
Private Key Password	Enter the private key password under the "X509CA" and "X509CA Password" authentication type.	Null
Enable Compression	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to compress the data stream of the header.	ON
Enable default gateway	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the default gateway function.  After being enabled, the local tunnel address is pushed as the default gateway of the peer device.	OFF
Enable NAT	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the NAT option. When enabled, the source IP address of host behind router will be disguised before accessing the remote OpenVPN client.	OFF
Receive DNS push	Click the toggle button to enable/disable receiving DNS push. After being enabled, it is allowed to receive DNS information pushed by the peer.	OFF
Verbose Level	<ul> <li>Select the level of the output log and values from 0 to 11.</li> <li>0: No output except fatal errors</li> <li>1~4: Normal usage range</li> <li>5: Output R and W characters to the console for each packet read and write</li> <li>6~11: Debug info range</li> </ul>	0
	Advanced Settings @ OpenVPN	
Enable HMAC Firewall	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Add an additional layer of HMAC authentication on top of the TLS control channel to protect against DoS attacks.	OFF
Enable PKCS#12	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the PKCS#12 certificate. It is an exchange of digital certificate encryption standard, used to describe personal identity information.	OFF
Enable nsCertType	Click the toggle button to enable/disable nsCertType. Require that peer certificate was signed with an explicit nsCertType designation of "server".	OFF
Enable Crl	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Crl. Once enabled, the client certificate can be revoked.	OFF
Enable client to client	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, clients can communicate with each other.	OFF



General Settings @ OpenVPN		
Item	Description	Default
	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Dup Client. After being	
Enable Dup Client	enabled, the tunnel IPs obtained by multiple clients are different, and	OFF
Ellable Dup Client	the tunnel IP of the client is interconnected with the tunnel IP of the	OFF
	server.	
Enable IP address	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the	ON
retention	IP in the address pool is automatically obtained.	ON
Expert Options	Enter some other options of OpenVPN in this field. Each expression can	Null
	be separated by a ';'.	Null
	Advanced Settings @User password management	
Username	Enter the username for Custom tunnel connection username.	Null
Password	Enter the password for Custom tunnel connection password.	Null
	General Settings @ Client management	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. After being	OFF
Ellable	enabled, the Client IP address can be managed.	OFF
Common Name	Click the toggle button to set the certificate name.	Null
Client IP address	Click the toggle button to set a fixed allocation client virtual IP.	Null
Router	Set the Client terminal network.	Null
Push the router	Set the Sever terminal network.	Null

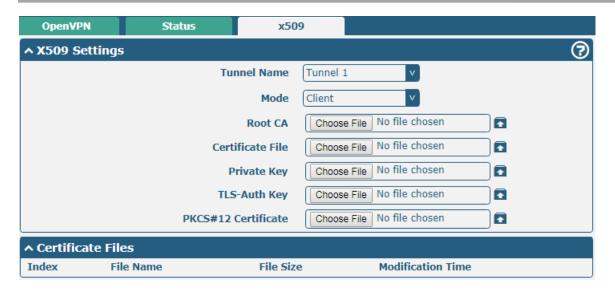
### **Status**

This section allows you to view the status of the OpenVPN tunnel.



This section is used to import certificates such as CA.





x509		
Item	Description	Default
	X509 Settings	
Tunnel Name	Choose a valid tunnel. Select from Tunnel 1, Tunnel 2, Tunnel 3, Tunnel 4,	Tunnel 1
	Tunnel 5 and Tunnel 6.	
Tunnel Mode	Select from "P2P mode", "client mode" or "server mode"	Client
		mode
Root CA	Click on "Choose File" to locate the root ca file, and then import this file into	
	your router.	
Certificate File	Click on "Choose File" to locate the certificate file, and then import this file	
	into your router.	
Private Key	Click on "Choose File" to locate the private key file, and then import this file	
	into your router.	
TLS-Auth Key	Click on "Choose File" to locate the tls-auth key file, and then import this file	
	into your router.	
PKCS#12 Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to locate the pkcs#12 certificate file ,and then import	
	this file into your router.	
	Certificate Files	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Filename	Show the imported certificate's name.	Null
File Size	Show the size of the certificate file.	Null
Last Modification	Show the timestamp of that the last time to modify the certificate file.	Null

### 4.4.3 GRE

This section allows you to set the GRE and the related parameters. Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) is a tunneling protocol that can encapsulate a wide variety of network layer protocols inside virtual point-to-point links over an Internet Protocol network.



### **GRE**



Click + to add tunnel settings. The maximum count is 6.



Tunnel Settings @ GRE		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this GRE tunnel.	ON
Description	Enter a description for this GRE tunnel.	Null
Remote IP Address	Set the remote real IP address of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Local Virtual IP Address	Set the local virtual IP address of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Local Virtual Netmask	Set the local virtual Netmask of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Remote Virtual IP Address	Set the remote virtual IP Address of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Enable Default Route	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	OFF
	all the traffics of the router will go through the GRE VPN.	
Enable NAT	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. This option must	OFF
	be enabled when router under NAT environment.	
Secrets	Set the key of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Link binding	Select from "WWAN1", "WAN", or "WLAN".	Unspecified



#### **Status**

This section allows you to view the GRE tunnel status.



### 4.5 Services

# **4.5.1 Syslog**

This section allows you to set the syslog parameters. The system log of the router can be saved in the local, also supports to be sent to remote log server and specified application debugging. By default, the "Log to Remote" option is disabled.



The window is displayed as below when enabling the "Log to Remote" option.



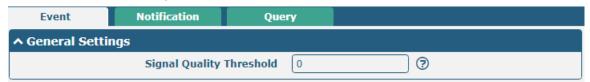
Syslog Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Syslog settings option.	ON
Syslog Level	Select from "Debug", "Info", "Notice", "Warning" or "Error", which from low to	Debug
	high. The lower level will output more syslog in detail.	



Save Position	Select the save position from "RAM" or "NVM. Choose "RAM", the data will be	RAM
	cleared after reboot.	
	Note: It's not recommended that saving syslog to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory)	
	for a long time.	
Log to Remote	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to allow router	OFF
	sending syslog to the remote syslog server. You need to enter the IP and Port of	
	the syslog server.	
Add Identifier	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you can add	OFF
	serial number to syslog message which used for loading Syslog to RobustLink.	
Remote IP Address	Enter the IP address of syslog server when enabling the "Log to Remote" option.	Null
Remote Port	Enter the port of syslog server when enabling the "Log to Remote" option.	514

### 4.5.2 Event

This section allows you to set the event parameters. Event feature provides an ability to send alerts by SNMP and RobustLink when certain system events occur.



General Settings @ Event		
Item	Description	Default
Signal Quality Threshold	Set the threshold for signal quality. Router will generate a log event when	0
	the actual threshold is less than the specified threshold. 0 means disable	
	this option.	



Click to button to add an Event parameters.





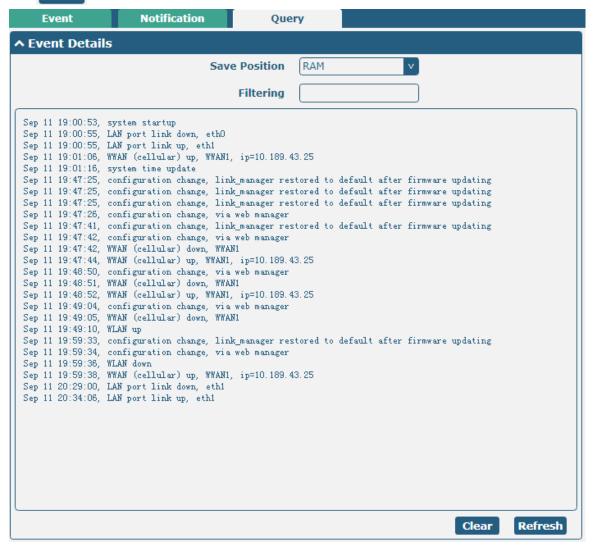
↑ Event Selection	<b>②</b>
System Startup	ON OFF
System Reboot	ON OFF
System Time Update	ON OFF
Configuration Change	ON OFF
Cellular Network Type Change	ON OFF
Cellular Data Stats Clear	ON OFF
Cellular Data Traffic Overflow	ON OFF
Poor Signal Quality	ON OFF
Wan data traffic stats clear	ON OFF
Wan data traffic overflow	ON OFF
Link Switching	ON OFF
WAN Up	ON OFF
WAN Down	ON OFF
WLAN Up	ON OFF
WLAN Down	ON OFF
WWAN Up	ON OFF
WWAN Down	ON OFF
IPSec Connection Up	ON OFF
IPSec Connection Down	ON OFF
OpenVPN Connection Up	ON OFF
OpenVPN Connection Down	ON OFF
LAN Port Link Up	ON OFF
LAN Port Link Down	ON OFF
DDNS Update Success	ON OFF
DDNS Update Fail	ON OFF
Received SMS	ON OFF
SMS Command Execute	ON OFF

General Settings @ Notification		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this group.	Null
Sent SMS	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the router will	OFF
	send notification to the specified phone numbers via SMS if event occurs.	
Send Email	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the router will	OFF



	send notification to the specified email box via Email if event occurs.	
Email Addresses	Enter the email addresses used for receiving event notification. Use a space to	OFF
	separate each address.	
Save to NVM	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to save event to	OFF
	nonvolatile memory.	

In the following window you can query various types of events record. Click **Refresh** to query filtered events while click **Clear** to clear the event records in the window.

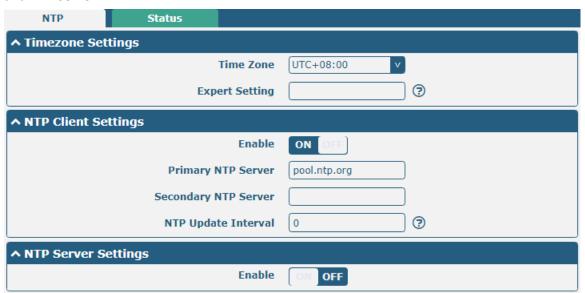


Event Details		
Item	Description	Default
Save Position	Select the events' save position from "RAM" or "NVM".	RAM
	RAM: Random-access memory	
	NVM: Non-Volatile Memory	
Filter Message	Event will be filtered according to the Filter Message that the user set. Click the	Null
	"Refresh" button, the filtered event will be displayed in the follow box. Use "&" to	
	separate more than one filter message, such as message1&message2.	



### 4.5.3 NTP

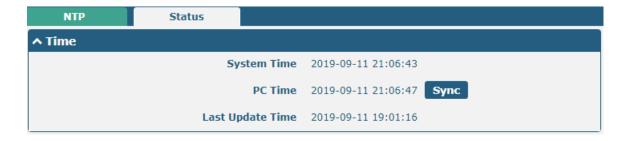
This section allows you to set the related NTP (Network Time Protocol) parameters, including Time zone, NTP Client and NTP Server.



NTP		
Item	Description	Default
	Timezone Settings	
Time Zone	Click the drop down list to select the time zone you are in. e.g., China:	UTC +08:00
	UTC+08:00.	
Expert Setting	Specify the time zone with Daylight Saving Time in TZ environment	Null
	variable format. The Time Zone option will be ignored in this case.	
	NTP Client Settings	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to	ON
	synchronize time with the NTP server.	
Primary NTP Server	Enter primary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.	pool.ntp.org
Secondary NTP Server	Enter secondary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.	Null
NTP Update interval	Enter the interval (minutes) which NTP client synchronize the time from	0
	NTP server. Minutes wait for next update, and 0 means update only	
	once.	
NTP Server Settings		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable the NTP server option. When enabled,	OFF
	the NTP client can synchronize with the router in time.	

This window allows you to view the current time of router and also synchronize the router time. Click **Sync** button to synchronize the router time with PC's.





### 4.5.4 SMS

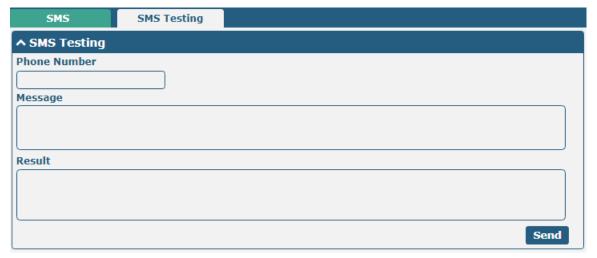
This section allows you to set SMS parameters. Router supports SMS management, and user can control and configure their routers by sending SMS. For more details about SMS control, refer to **5.2.2 SMS Remote Control**.



SMS Management Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the SMS Management option.	ON
	Note: If this option is disabled, the SMS configuration is invalid.	
Authentication Type	Select Authentication Type from "Password", "Phone num" or "Both".	Password
	Password: Use the same username and password as WEB manager for	
	authentication. For example, the format of the SMS should be "username:	
	password; cmd1; cmd2;"	
	Note: Set the WEB manager password in System > User Management	
	section.	
	Phonenum: Use the Phone number for authenticating, and user should set	
	the Phone Number that is allowed for SMS management. The format of	
	the SMS should be "cmd1; cmd2;"	
	Both: Use both the "Password" and "Phonenum" for authentication. User	
	should set the Phone Number that is allowed for SMS management. The	
	format of the SMS should be "username: password; cmd1; cmd2;"	
Phone Number	Set the phone number used for SMS management, and use '; 'to separate each	Null
	number.	
	<b>Note</b> : It can be null when choose "Password" as the authentication type.	



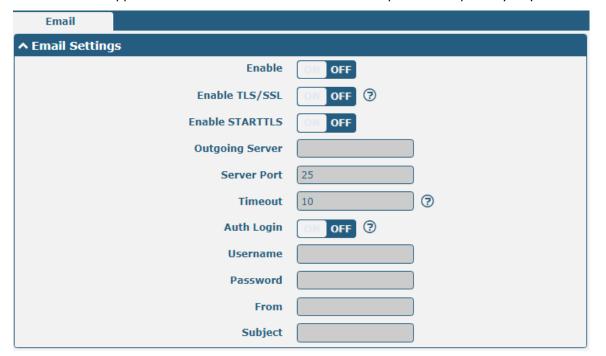
User can test the current SMS service whether it is available in this section.



SMS Testing		
Item	Description	Default
Phone Number	Enter the specified phone number which can receive the SMS from router.	Null
Message	Enter the message that router will send it to the specified phone number.	Null
Result	The result of the SMS test will be displayed in the result box.	Null
Send	Click the button to send the test message.	

### 4.5.5 Email

Email function supports to send the event notifications to the specified recipient by ways of email.





Email Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Email option.	OFF
Enable TLS/SSL	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the TLS/SSL option.	OFF
Enable STARTTLS	Click the toggle button to enable/disable STARTTLS encryption.	OFF
Outgoing server	Enter the SMTP server IP Address or domain name.	Null
Server port	Enter the SMTP server port.	25
Timeout	Set the max time for sending email to SMTP server. When the server doesn't	10
	receive the email over this time, it will try to resend.	
Auth Login	If the mail server supports AUTH login, you must enable this button and set the username and password.	OFF
Username	Enter the username which has been registered from SMTP server.	OFF
Password	Enter the password of the username above.	Null
From	Enter the source address of the email.	Null
Subject	Enter the subject of this email.	Null

#### 4.5.6 DDNS

This section allows you to set the DDNS parameters. The Dynamic DNS function allows you to alias a dynamic IP address to a static domain name, allows you whose ISP does not assign them a static IP address to use a domain name. This is especially useful for hosting servers via your connection, so that anyone wishing to connect to you may use your domain name, rather than having to use your dynamic IP address, which changes from time to time. This dynamic IP address is the WAN IP address of the router, which is assigned to you by your ISP. The service provider defaults to "DynDNS", as shown below.

Click **Service > DDNS** to set the parameters related to DDNS. The service provider defaults to DynDNS.



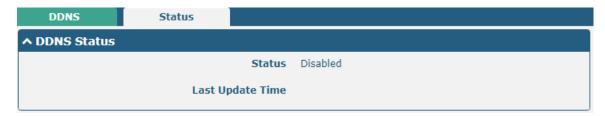
When service provider chose "Custom", the window is displayed as below.





	DDNS Settings	
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the DDNS option.	OFF
Service Provider	Select the DDNS service from "DynDNS", "NO-IP", "3322" or	
	"Custom".	DupDNC
	Note: the DDNS service only can be used after registered by	DynDNS
	Corresponding service provider.	
Hostname	Enter the hostname provided by the DDNS server.	Null
Username	Enter the username provided by the DDNS server.	Null
Password	Enter the password provided by the DDNS server.	Null
URL	Enter the URL customized by user.	Null
Max Tries	Enter max tries	3

Click "Status" bar to view the status of the DDNS.



DDNS Status		
Item	Description	
Status	Display the current status of the DDNS.	
Last Update Time	Display the date and time for the DDNS was last updated successfully.	

# 4.5.7 SSH

Router supports SSH password access and secret-key access.



SSH Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you can	ON
	access the router via SSH.	
Port	Set the port of the SSH access.	22



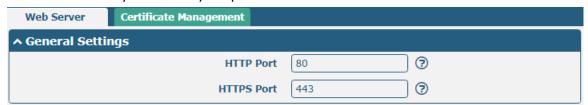
Disable Password Logins	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you	OFF
	cannot use username and password to access the router via SSH. In this	
	case, only the key can be used for login.	



Import Authorized Keys		
Item	Description	
Authorized Keys	Click on "Choose File" to locate an authorized key from your computer, and then	
	click "Import" to import this key into your router.	

# 4.5.8 Web Server

This section allows you to modify the parameters of Web Server.



General Settings @ Web Server		
Item	Description	Default
HTTP Port	Enter the HTTP port number you want to change in router's Web Server. On a	80
	Web server, port 80 is the port that the server "listens to" or expects to receive	
	from a Web client. If you configure the router with other HTTP Port number	
	except 80, only adding that port number then you can login router's Web	
	Server.	
HTTPS Port	Enter the HTTPS port number you want to change in router's Web Server. On a	443
	Web server, port 443 is the port that the server "listens to" or expects to	
	receive from a Web client. If you configure the router with other HTTPS Port	
	number except 443, only adding that port number then you can login router's	
	Web Server.	
	Note: HTTPS is more secure than HTTP. In many cases, clients may be	
	exchanging confidential information with a server, which needs to be secured in	
	order to prevent unauthorized access. For this reason, HTTP was developed by	
	Netscape corporation to allow authorization and secured transactions.	

This section allows you to import the certificate file into the router.

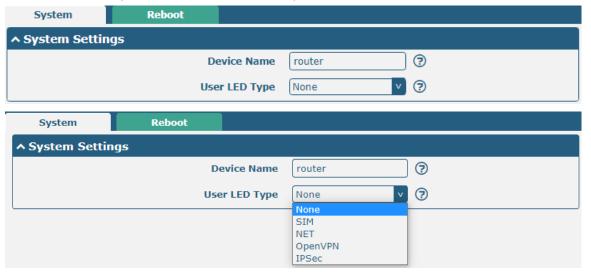




Import Certificate		
Item	Description	Default
Import Type	Select from "CA" and "Private Key".	CA
	CA: a digital certificate issued by CA center	
	Private Key: a private key file	
HTTPS Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to locate the certificate file from your computer, and then	
	click "Import" to import this file into your router.	

### 4.5.9 Advanced

This section allows you to set the Advanced and parameters.



System Settings			
Item	Description	Default	
Device Name	Set the device name to distinguish different devices you have installed; valid	router	
	characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, ., -, #, \$, and *.		
User LED Type	Specify the display type of your USR LED. Select from "None", "SIM", "NET",	None	
	"OpenVPN" or "IPsec".		
	None: Meaningless indication, and the LED is off		
	SIM: show the sim status.		
	NET: After selecting this type, the USR indicator of the gateway shows the		
	status of NET		
	OpenVPN: USR indicator showing the OpenVPN status		



IPsec: USR indicator showing the IPsec status
 Note: For more details about USR indicator, see "2.2 LED Indicators".

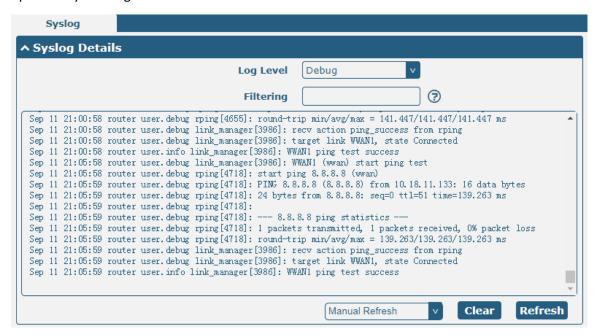


Reboot			
Item	Description	Default	
Periodic Reboot	Set the reboot period of the router. 0 means disable.	0	
Daily Reboot Time	Set the daily reboot time of the router, you should follow the format as HH:	Null	
	MM, in 24h time frame, otherwise the data will be invalid. Leave it empty means		
	disable.		

## 4.6 System

# 4.6.1 Debug

This section allows you to check and download the syslog details. Click Service > System Log > System Log Settings to open the system log.







Syslog				
Item	Description			
Syslog Details				
Log Level	Select from "Debug", "Info", "Notice", "Warn", "Error" which from low to high. The lower			
	level will output more syslog in detail.			
Filtering	Enter the filtering message based on the keywords. Use "&" to separate more than one filter			
	message, such as "keyword1&keyword2".			
Refresh	Select from "Manual Refresh", "5 Seconds", "10 Seconds", "20 Seconds" or "30 Seconds". You			
	can select these intervals to refresh the log information displayed in the follow box. If			
	selecting "manual refresh", you should click the refresh button to refresh the syslog.			
Clear	Click the button to clear the syslog.			
Refresh	Click the button to refresh the syslog.			
Syslog Files				
Syslog Files List	It can show at most 5 syslog files in the list, the files' name range from message0 to message			
	4. And the newest syslog file will be placed on the top of the list.			
System Diagnosing Data				
Generate	Click to generate the syslog diagnosing file.			

# **4.6.2 Update**

This section allows you to upgrade the firmware of your router. Click **System > Update > System Update**, and click on "Choose File" to locate the firmware file to be used for the upgrade. Once the latest firmware has been chosen, click "Update" to start the upgrade process. The upgrade process may take several minutes. Do not turn off your Router during the firmware upgrade process.

**Note**: To access the latest firmware file, please contact your technical support engineer.



# 4.6.3 App Center

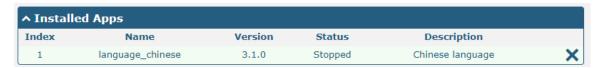
This section allows you to add some required or customized applications to the router. Import and install your applications to the App Center, and reboot the device according to the system prompts. Each installed application will be displayed under the "Services" menu, while other applications related to VPN will be displayed under the "VPN" menu.



**Note:** After importing the applications to the router, the page display may have a slight delay due to the browser cache. It is recommended that you clear the browser cache first and log in the router again.



Successfully installed apps will be displayed in the following list, click ×to uninstall the app.

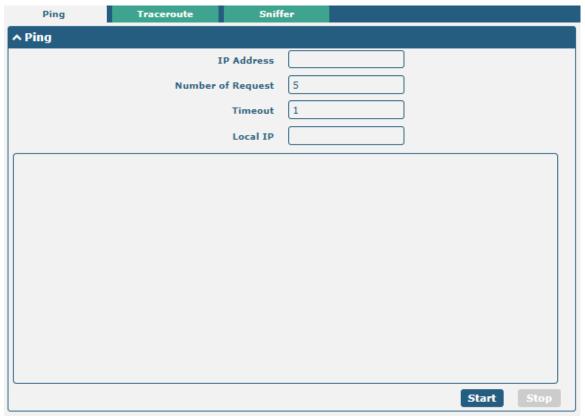


App Center			
Item	Description	Default	
App Install			
File	Click on "Choose File" to locate the App file from your computer, and then click		
	Install to import this file into your router.		
	<b>Note</b> : File format should be xxx.rpk, e.g. R1511-robustlink-1.0.0.rpk.		
Installed Apps			
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Name	Show the name of the App.	Null	
Version	Show the version of the App.	Null	
Status	Show the status of the App.	Null	
Description	Show the description for this App.	Null	



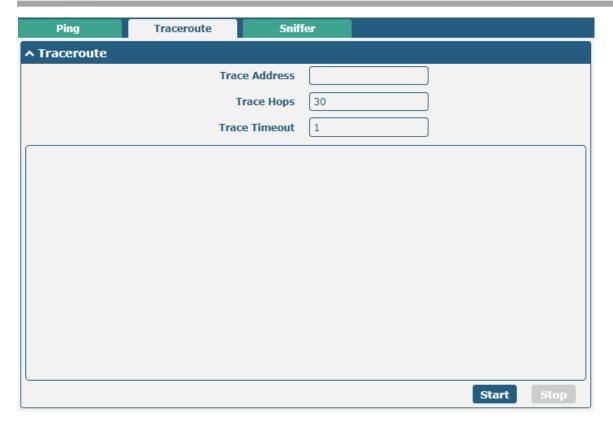
## **4.6.4 Tools**

This section provides users three tools: Ping, Traceroute and Sniffer. The Ping tool is used to detect the network connectivity of the router.

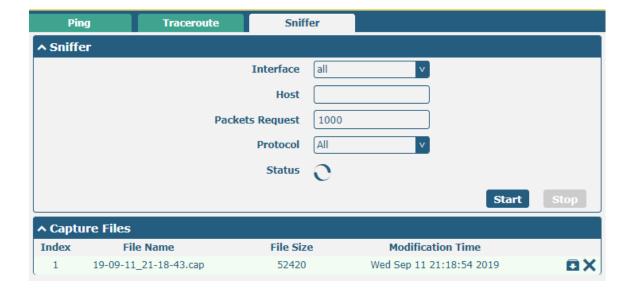


Ping			
Item	Description	Default	
IP address	Enter the ping's destination IP address or destination domain.	Null	
Number of Requests	Specify the number of ping requests.	5	
Timeout	Specify the timeout of ping request.	1	
Local IP	Specify the local IP from cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN or Ethernet LAN. Null	Null	
	stands for selecting local IP address from these three automatically.		
Chart	Click this button to start ping request, and the log will be displayed in the		
Start	follow box.		
Stop	Click this button to stop ping request.		





Traceroute			
Item	<b>Description</b> De		
Trace Address	Enter the trace's destination IP address or destination domain.	Null	
Trace Hops	Specify the max trace hops. Router will stop tracing if the trace hops has met 30		
	max value no matter the destination has been reached or not.		
Trace Timeout	Specify the timeout of Traceroute request. 1		
Ctart	Click this button to start Traceroute request, and the log will be displayed in		
Start	the follow box.		
Stop	Click this button to stop Traceroute request.		

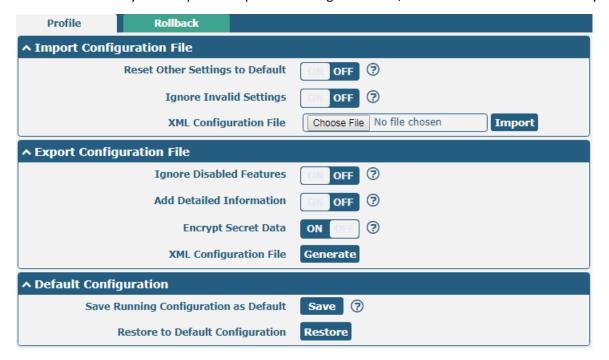




Sniffer			
Item	Description		
Interface	Choose the interface according to your Ethernet configuration.	All	
Host	Filter the packet that contain the specify IP address.	Null	
Packets Request	Set the packet number that the router can sniffer at a time.	1000	
Protocol	Select from "All", "IP", "TCP", "UDP" and "ARP".	All	
Status	Show the current status of sniffer		
Start	Click this button to start the sniffer.		
Cton	Click this button to stop the sniffer. Once you click this button, a new log file		
Stop	will be displayed in the following List.		
Capture Files	Every times of sniffer log will be saved automatically as a new file. You can find		
	the file from this Sniffer Traffic Data List and click 🖸 to download the log, click		
	Xto delete the log file. It can cache a maximum of 5 files.		

## 4.6.5 Profile

This section allows you to import or export the configuration file, and restore the router to factory default setting.



Profile		
Item Description Defau		
Import Configuration File		
Reset Other Settings to	Click the toggle button as "ON" to return other parameters to default	OFF
Default	settings.	
Ignore Invalid Settings	Click the toggle button as "ON" to ignore invalid settings.	ON
XML Configuration File	Click on Choose File to locate the XML configuration file from your	



computer, and then click Import to import this file into your router.			
Export Configuration File			
Ignore Disabled Features	Click the toggle button as "ON" to ignore the disabled features.  OFF		
Add Detailed Information	Click the toggle button as "ON" to add detailed information.	OFF	
Encrypt Secret Data	Click the toggle button as "ON" to encrypt the secret data.  ON		
XML Configuration File	Click Generate button to generate the XML configuration file, and click		
	Export to export the XML configuration file.		
	Default Configuration		
Save Running	Click this button to save the current running parameters as default		
Configuration as Default	configuration.		
Restore to Default	Click this button to restore the factory defaults.		
Configuration			



Rollback			
Item Description Default			
Configuration Rollback			
Save as a Rollbackable	reate a save point manually. Additionally, the system will create a save		
Archive	point every day automatically if configuration changes.		
Configuration Archive Files			
Configuration Archive	View the related information about configuration archive files, including		
Files	name, size and modification time.		



# 4.6.6 User Management

This section allows you to change your username and password, and create or manage user accounts. One router has only one super user who has the highest authority to modify, add and manage other common users.

**Note:** Your new password must be more than 5 character and less than 32 characters and may contain numbers, upper and lowercase letters, and standard symbols.



Super User Settings				
Item	Description			
New Username	Enter a new username you want to create, if you do not want to change	Null		
	username, leave it blank. 5-32 characters, valid characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, #,			
	\$, ., *, !, -			
Old Password	Enter the old password of your router. The default is "admin", 5-32 characters,	Null		
	valid characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, #, \$, ., *, !, -			
New Password	Enter a new password you want to create, 5-32 characters, valid characters: a-	Null		
	z, A-Z, 0-9, @, #, \$, ., *, !, -			
Confirm Password	Enter the new password again to confirm.	Null		



Click to add a new common user. The maximum rule count is 5.





Common User Settings		
Item	Description	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list	
Role	Select from "Visitor" and "Editor". Visitor	
	Visitor: Users only can view the configuration of router under this level	
	Editor: Users can view and set the configuration of router under this level	
Username	Set the Username, 5-32 characters, valid characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, #, \$, ., *, !, -	Null
Password	Set the password, 5-32 characters, valid characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, #, \$, ., *, !, -	Null

# 4.7 Edge2Cloud

## 4.7.1 Edge2Cloud

Edge2Cloud (E2C) is a series of software collections running in the ROS operating system embedded in the Robustel Smart Gateway device, which can provide various functions of the IoT Gateway at the hardware and software levels and solve the problem of data interfacing between traditional industrial device and the cloud platform.

There are three types of E2C: Southbound APP, Northbound APP and Broker.

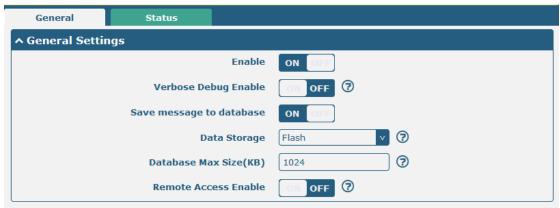
#### Southbound APP **Broker Northbound APP** · Collect data according to the Receive and send AMQP message · Log in the corresponding cloud configuration and protocol platform according to UCI Store the unconsumed message (Modbus, OPCUA, ELA, S7 PLC etc.) configuration and keep online into the database for message Encapsulate the collected data into Receive JSON data from broker APP, persistence. JSON object and adjust the format to match the Database storage size cloud platform's requirements. • Send the JSON string as QPID body to configuration Northbound interface doesnt care broker APP the message address is the about the data type and content. Provide remote debugging service. public address of northbound APP Can inspect the message content Subscribe to corresponding topics in · Get the control instruction message from northbound and southbound the cloud, forward the control from E2C\_Broker at its own address, directions command from cloud platform to and send the response to E2C Broker broker APP and vice-versa. after processing the message.

The latest ROS firmware has integrated E2C Broker, users can use the full functionality of Edeg2Cloud by choosing to install the corresponding Southbound APP and Northbound APP according to their needs.

#### 4.7.2 E2C Broker

This section is used to set E2C Broker parameters and view the operational status of E2C Broker. Click "Edge2Cloud > E2C Broker" to display the following.





E2C Broker Settings				
Item	tem Descriptions			
	General Settings			
Enable	Enable or disable E2C Broker	OFF		
Verbose Debug Enable	Enable or disable more detailed verbose debug	OFF		
Save message to database	Whether the messages received by Broker are saved to the database.	ON		
Data Storage  Data Storage  Data Storage  USB-Storage.		FLASH		
Database Max Size (kB) The maximum size of the database file, in KB.		1024		
Remote Access Enable	Whether to support sending and receiving messages through the web interface.	OFF		



E2C Broker Status		
Item Descriptions		
Status		
Receive message count	The number of MQ messages received by Broker.	
Send message count	Debugging of MQ messages sent by Broker.	



E2C Broker Status		
Item Descriptions		
Database status	Available means that the database is available and Space exceed means that the	
Database status	database capacity has reached the set maximum.	
Messages		
Арр	Edge2Cloud southbound and northbound app name.	
Receive	The number of messages received from the application.	
Send	The number of messages sent to the reapplication.	

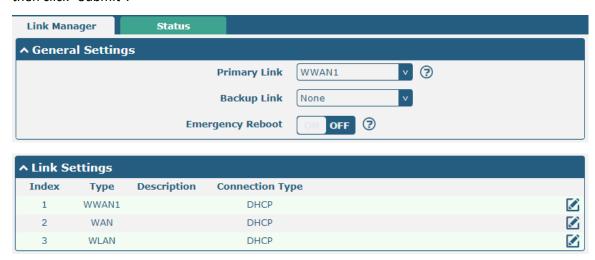


# Chapter 5 Configuration Examples

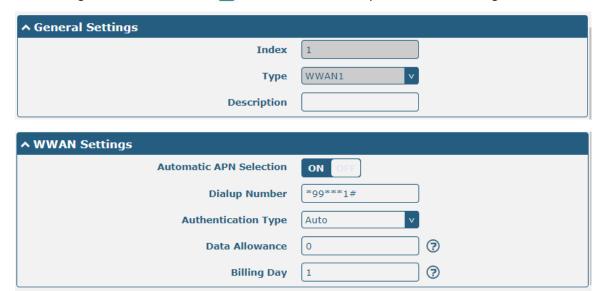
## 5.1 Cellular

## 5.1.1 Cellular Dial-Up

This section shows you how to configure the primary and backup SIM card for Cellular Dial-up. Connect the router correctly and insert two SIM, then open the configuration page. Under the homepage menu, click Interface > Link Manager > Link Manager > General Settings, choose "WWAN1" as the primary link and "None" as the backup link, then click "Submit".

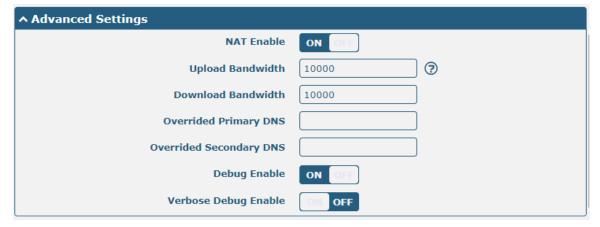


Click the right most of edit button of WWAN1 to set its parameters according to the current ISP.









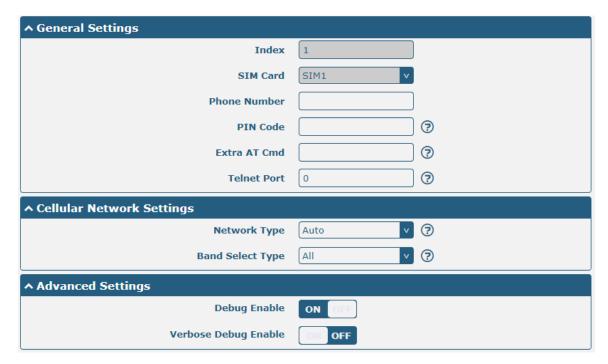
When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

The window is displayed below by clicking Interface > Cellular > Advanced Cellular Settings.



Click the right most of edit button of SIM1 to set its parameters according to your application request.





When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

### **5.1.2 SMS Remote Control**

The router supports remote control via SMS. You can use following commands to get the status of the router, and set all the parameters.

There are three authentication types for SMS control. You can select from "Password", "Phonenum" or "Both".

#### An SMS command has the following structure:

- 1. Password mode—**Username:Password;cmd1;cmd2;cmd3;...cmdn** (available for every phone number).
- 2. Phonenum mode--cmd1;cmd2;cmd3;... cmdn (available when the SMS was sent from the phone number which had been added in R1511's phone group).
- 3. Both mode—**Username:Password;cmd1;cmd2;cmd3;...cmdn** (available when the SMS was sent from the phone number).

Note: All command symbols must be entered in the English input half angle mode.

#### **SMS command Explanation:**

- 1. Password: The SMS control password defaults to the login password of the super user or the login password of the ordinary user who has read and write permissions.
- 2. **cmd1,cmd2,cmd3 to Cmdn**, the command format is the same as the CLI command, more details about CLI cmd please refer to **Chapter 6 Introductions for CLI**.

**Note:** Download the configure XML file from the configured web browser. The format of SMS control command can refer to the data of the XML file.

Go to **System > Profile > Export Configuration File**, Select export type as "complete", click **Generate** to generate the XML file and click **Export** to export the XML file.



Profile	Rollback			
↑ Import Config	guration File			
	Reset Other Settings to	Default	ON OFF ?	
	Ignore Invalid	Settings	ON OFF ?	
	XML Configurat	ion File	Choose File No file chosen	Import
^ Export Config	uration File			
	Ignore Disabled F	eatures	ON OFF ?	
	Add Detailed Info	rmation	ON OFF ?	
	Encrypt Seci	ret Data	ON OFF ?	
	XML Configurat	tion File	Generate	
^ Default Confi	guration			
Save F	Running Configuration as	Default	Save 7	
	Restore to Default Config	juration	Restore	

#### XML command:

<lan>

<network max\_entry\_num="2">

<id>1</id>

<interface>lan0</interface>

<ip>172.16.24.24</ip>

<netmask>255.255.0.0</netmask>

<mtu>1500</mtu>

#### SMS cmd:

set lan network 1 interface lan0

set lan network 1 ip 172.16.24.24

set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0

set lan network 1 mtu 1500

- 3. The semicolon character (',') is used to separate more than one command packed in a single SMS.
- 4. E.g.

### Password mode—admin:admin;status system

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", The control command is status system, and the function of the command is to get the system status.

#### SMS received:

firmware\_version = 3.1.5

firmware\_version\_full = "3.1.5 (Rev 3428)"

hardware\_version = 1.0

kernel\_version = 4.9.152

device\_model = R1511

serial number = ""

uptime = "0 days, 00:25:13"

system\_time = "Thu Aug 20 09:42:11 2020"



ram usage = "76M Free/128M Total"

#### admin:admin;reboot

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the command is to reboot the R1511 Router.

#### SMS received:

OK

#### admin:admin;set firewall remote\_ssh\_access false;set firewall remote\_telnet\_access false

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the command is to disable the remote\_ssh and remote\_telnet access.

#### SMS received:

OK

OK

# admin:admin;set lan network 1 interface lan0;set lan network 1 ip 172.16.24.24;set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0;set lan network 1 mtu 1500

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the commands is to configure the LAN parameter.

#### SMS received:

OK

ОК

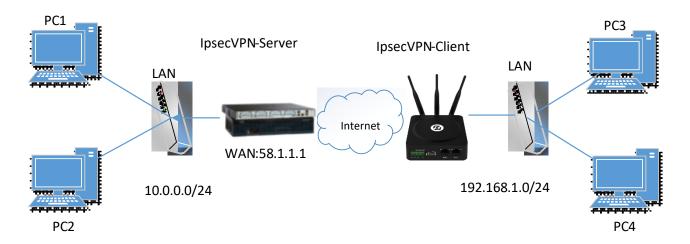
OK

OK

# 5.2 VPN Configuration Example

### 5.2.1 IPsec VPN

IPSec VPN sample topology (configuration of Ike and SA parameters of server and client must be consistent):



## **IPsec VPN\_Server:**



## Cisco 2811:

```
Router>enable
Router#config
Configuring from terminal, memory, or network [terminal]?
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config) #crypto isakmp policy 10
Router(config-isakmp)#?
  authentication Set authentication method for protection suite
  encryption
                  Set encryption algorithm for protection suite
                  Exit from ISAKMP protection suite configuration mode
                 Set the Diffie-Hellman group
  group
  hash
                  Set hash algorithm for protection suite
  lifetime
                  Set lifetime for ISAKMP security association
                  Negate a command or set its defaults
Router(config-isakmp) #encryption 3des
Router(config-isakmp) #hash md5
Router(config-isakmp) #authentication pre-share
Router(config-isakmp)#group 2
Router(config-isakmp) #exit
Router(config) #crypto isakmp ?
  client Set client configuration policy
  enable Enable ISAKMP
          Set pre-shared key for remote peer
  policy Set policy for an ISAKMP protection suite
Router(config) #crypto isakmp key cisco address 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0
Router(config)#crypto ?
  dynamic-map Specify a dynamic crypto map template
  ipsec
               Configure IPSEC policy
              Configure ISAKMP policy
  isakmp
  kev
               Long term key operations
               Enter a crypto map
Router(config) #crypto ipsec ?
  security-association Security association parameters
                        Define transform and settings
  transform-set
Router(config) #crvpto ipsec transform-set Trans ?
  ah-md5-hmac AH-HMAC-MD5 transform
               AH-HMAC-SHA transform
  ah-sha-hmac
               ESP transform using 3DES(EDE) cipher (168 bits)
  esp-3des
  esp-aes
              ESP transform using AES cipher
                ESP transform using DES cipher (56 bits)
  esp-md5-hmac ESP transform using HMAC-MD5 auth
  esp-sha-hmac ESP transform using HMAC-SHA auth
Router(config) #crypto ipsec transform-set Trans esp-3des esp-md5-hmac
Router(config) #ip access-list extended vpn
Router(config-ext-nacl) #permit ip 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255
Router(config-ext-nacl) #exit
Router(config) #crypto map cry-map 10 ipsec-isakmp
% NOTE: This new crypto map will remain disabled until a peer
       and a valid access list have been configured.
Router(config-crypto-map) #match address vpn
Router(config-crypto-map) #set transform-set Trans
Router(config-crypto-map) #set peer 202.100.1.1
Router(config-crypto-map) #exit
Router(config) #interface fastEthernet 0/0
Router(config-if) #ip address 58.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if) #cr
Router(config-if) #crypto map cry-map
*Jan 3 07:16:26.785: %CRYPTO-6-ISAKMP_ON_OFF: ISAKMP is ON
```

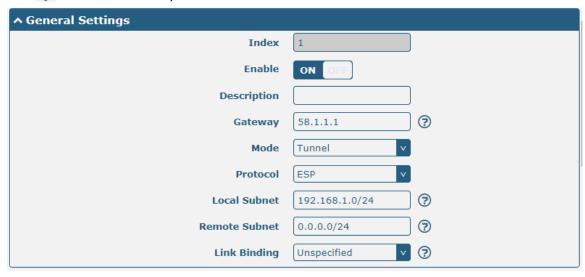
### **IPsec VPN\_Client:**



The window is displayed as below by clicking **VPN > IPsec > Tunnel**.



Click + button and set the parameters of IPsec Client as below.





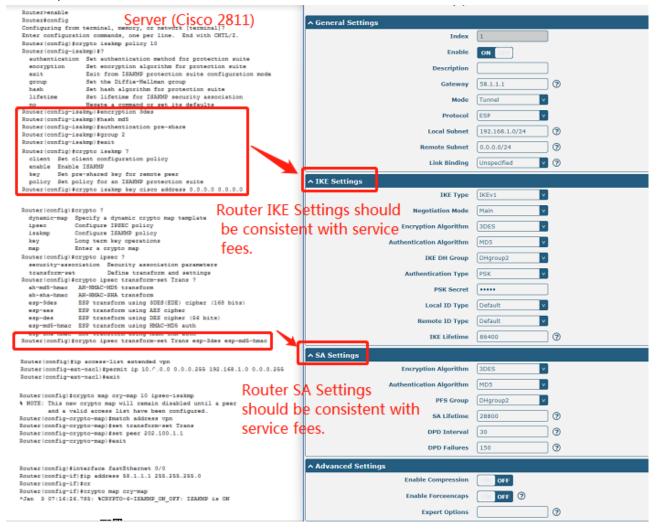






When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

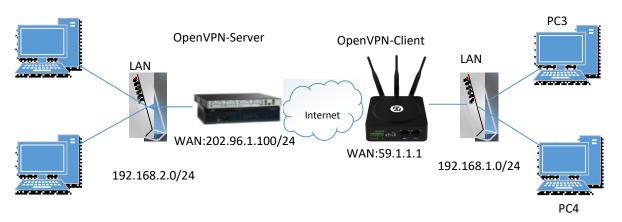
The comparison between IPec Server and Client is as below.





## 5.2.2 OpenVPN

OpenVPN supports two modes, including Client and P2P. Here takes P2P as an example.



The configuration of two points is as follows.

## OpenVPN\_Server:

Generate relevant OpenVPN certificate on the server side firstly, and refer to the following commands to configuration the Server:

local 202.96.1.100

mode server

port 1194

proto udp

dev tun

tun-mtu 1500

fragment 1500

ca ca.crt

cert Server01.crt

key Server01.key

dh dh1024.pem

server 10.8.0.0 255.255.255.0

ifconfig-pool-persist ipp.txt

push "route 192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0"

client-config-dir ccd

route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0

keepalive 10 120

cipher BF-CBC

comp-lzo

max-clients 100

persist-key

persist-tun

status openvpn-status.log

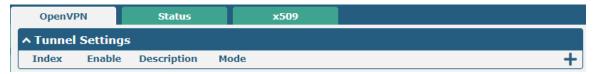
verb 3

**Note**: For more configuration details, please contact your technical support engineer.

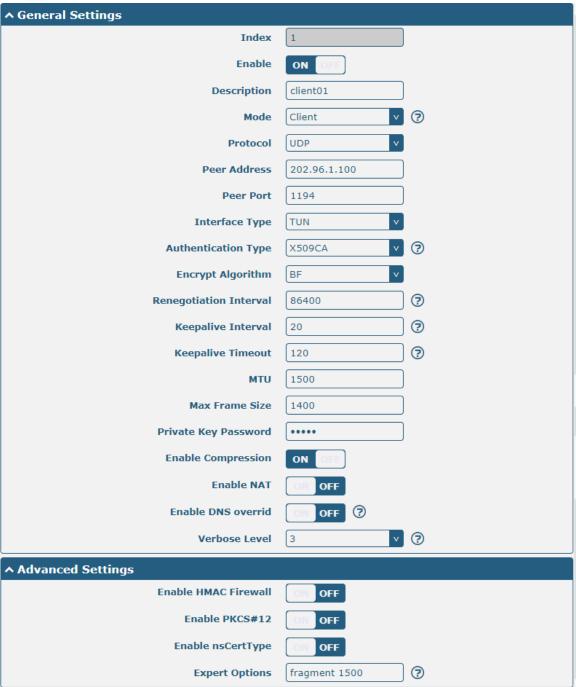


## OpenVPN\_Client:

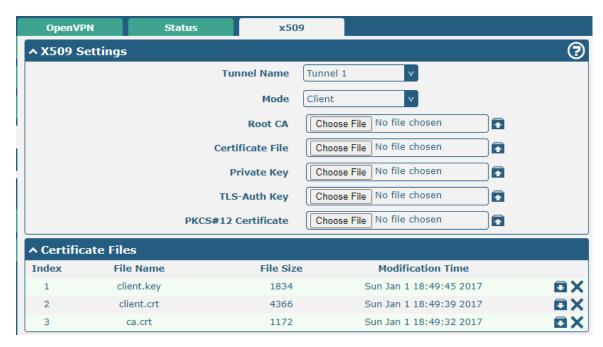
Click VPN > OpenVPN > OpenVPN as below.



Click + to configure the Client01 as below.



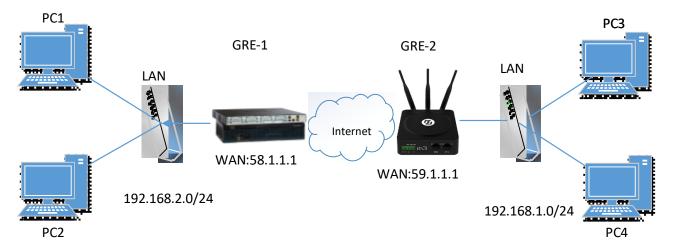




When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

### **5.2.3 GRE VPN**

GRE VPN example topology:



The configuration of two points is as follows.

#### GRE-1:

The window is displayed as below by clicking VPN > GRE > GRE.



Click + button and set the parameters of GRE-1 as below.





When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.



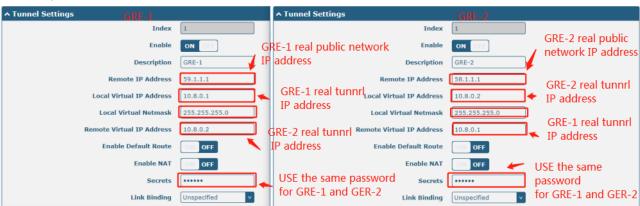
#### GRE-2:

Click + button and set the parameters of GRE-2 as below.



When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

The comparison between GRE-1 and GRE-2 is as below.





# Chapter 6 Introductions for CLI

#### 6.1 What Is CLI

The Command Line Interface (CLI) is a set of software interfaces that provide another way to configure device parameters. Users can connect to the router through SSH or telnet to configure CLI commands. After establishing a Telnet or SSH connection with the router, enter the login account and password (default admin/admin) to enter the router's configuration mode, as shown below.

```
router login: admin
Password:
                   Comments
  add
                   Add a list entry of configuration
  clear
                   Clear statistics
  config
                   Configuration operation
  debug
                   Output debug information to the console
                   Delete a list entry of configuration
  del
  exit
                   Exit from the CLI
                  Display an overview of the CLI syntax
Download OpenVPN certificate file via http or ftp
  help
  ovpn_cert_get
  pina
                   Send messages to network hosts
  reboot
                   Halt and perform a cold restart
                   Set system configuration
  set
                   Show system configuration
  show
                   Show running system information
  status
  tftpupdate
                   Update firmware or configuration file using tftp
  traceroute
                   Print the route packets trace to network host
                   Trigger action .
Update firmware via http or ftp
  trigger
  ur lüpdate
                   Show version of firmware
  ver
```

#### **Router login:**

Router login: admin Password: admin

#

#### **CLI commands:**

```
#?
                  Comments
  add
                  Add a list entry of configuration
  clear
                  Clear statistics
  config
                  Configuration operation
  debug
                  Output debug information to the console
  del
                  Delete a list entry of configuration
  exit
                  Exit from the CLI
                  Display an overview of the CLI syntax
  help
```



ping Send messages to network hosts

reboot Halt and perform a cold restart

route Static route modify dynamically, this setting will not be saved

set Set system configuration

show Show system configuration

status Show running system information

tftpupdate Update firmware using tftp

traceroute Print the route packets trace to network host

urlupdate Update firmware using http or ftp

ver Show version of firmware



# 6.2 How to Configure the CLI

Following is a table about the description of help and the error should be encountered in the configuring program.

Commands /tips	Description	
?	Typing a question mark "?" will show you the help information.	
	Example:	
	# config (Tick '?')	
	config Configuration operation	
	# config (Tick the space key+'?')	
	commit Save the configuration changes and take effect changed	
	configuration	
	save_and_apply Save the configuration changes and take effect changed	
	configuration	
	loaddefault Restore Factory Configuration	
Ctrl+c	Tick these two keys at the same time, except its "copy" function but also	
	can be used for "break" out of the setting program.	
Syntax error: The command is not	Command is not completed.	
completed		
Tick space key+ Tab key	It can help you finish your currently incomplete commands.	
	Example:	
	# config (tick Enter key)	
	Syntax error: The command is not completed	
	# config (tick space key+ Tab key)	
	commit save_and_apply loaddefault	
# config save_and_apply /	When your setting finished, you should enter those commands to make	
#config commit	your setting take effect on the device.	
	<b>Note:</b> Commit and save_and_apply plays the same role.	

## 6.3 Commands Reference

Commands	Syntax	Description
Debug	Debug parameters	enable on or disenable the debug function
Show	Show parameters	Show current configuration of each function
Set	Set parameters	All the function parameters are set by commands set and add, the
Add	Add parameters	difference is that set is for the single parameter and add is for the list
		parameter

Note: More detail about CLI command, please refer to "Command Line Interface Guide".



# 6.4 Quick Start with Configuration ExampleS

The best and quickest way to master CLI is firstly to view all features from the webpage and then read all CLI commands at a time, finally learn to configure it with some reference examples.

### **Example 1: Show current version**

```
# status system
firmware_version = 3.1.5
firmware_version_full = "3.1.5 (Rev 3428)"
hardware_version = 1.0
kernel_version = 4.9.152
device_model = R1511
serial_number = ""
uptime = "0 days, 00:45:43"
system_time = "Thu Aug 20 09:42:11 2020"
ram_usage = "78M Free/128M Total
```

## **Example 2: Update firmware via tftp**

```
# tftpupdate (space+?)
 firmware New firmware
            New configuration file
  config
# tftpupdate firmware (space+?)
 filename New file
# tftpupdate firmware filename R1511-firmware-sysupgrade-unknown.ruf host 192.168.100.99 // enter a new
firmware name
Downloading
Download success.
Upgrading
                        //update success
Upgrade success.
# reboot
                        //make you configuration effect after reboot
Rebooting...
OK
```

### **Example 3: Set link-manager**

```
# set
# set (space+?)
cellular Cellular
ddns DDNS
dido DIDO
email Email
```



ethernet Ethernet

event Event Management

firewall Firewall gre GRE

ip\_passthrough IP Passthrough

ipsec IPSec

lan Local Area Network link\_manager Link Manager

ntp NTP openVPN

reboot Automatic Reboot

route Route
serial\_port Serial
sms SMS
ssh SSH
syslog Syslog
system System

web\_server Web Server wifi WiFi AP

# set link\_manager (space+?)

primary\_link Primary Link
backup\_link Backup Link
backup\_mode BackSup Mode
revert\_interval Revert Interval
emergency\_reboot Emergency Reboot
link Link Settings

# set link\_manager primary\_link (space+?)
Enum Primary Link (wwan1/wan/wlan)

# set link\_manager primary\_link wwan1

OK

#set link\_manager link 1 (space+?)

type Type

desc Description
connection\_type Connection Type
wwan WWAN Settings

static\_addr Static Address Settings

pppoe PPPoE Settings
ping Ping Settings
nat\_enable NAT Enable

mtu MTU weight Weight

upload\_bandwidth Upload Bandwidth download\_bandwidth Download Bandwidth dns1\_overrided Overrided Primary DNS

//select "wwan1" as primary link
//setting succeed



```
dns2_overrided
                            Overrided Secondary DNS
  debug_enable
                            Debug Enable
  verbose_debug_enable
                             Verbose Debug Enable
# set link_manager link 1 type wwan1
OK
# set link_manager link 1 wwan (space+?)
                             Automatic APN Selection
  auto_apn
                              APN
  apn
                              Username
  username
  password
                             Password
  dialup_number
                             Dialup Number
  auth type
                             Authentication Type
                              Data Allowance
  data_allowance
  billing_day
                             Billing Day
# set link_manager link 1 wwan data_allowance 100
                                                                 //open cellular switch_by_data_traffic
OK
                                                                 //setting succeed
                                                                 //setting specifies the day of month for billing
# set link manager link 1 wwan billing day 1
OK
                                                                 //setting succeed
# config save_and_apply
OK
                                        //save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect
```

## **Example 4: Set Ethernet**

```
# set Ethernet port_setting 2 port_assignment lan0 //Set Table 2 (eth1) to lan0

OK

# config save_and_apply //save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect

OK
```

### **Example 5: Set LAN IP address**

```
# show lan all
network {
    id = 1
    interface = lan0
    ip = 192.168.0.1
    netmask = 255.255.255.0
    mtu = 1500
    dhcp {
        enable = true
        mode = server
        relay_server = ""
        pool_start = 192.168.0.2
```



```
pool end = 192.168.0.100
         netmask = 255.255.255.0
         gateway = ""
         primary_dns = ""
         secondary dns = ""
         wins server = ""
         lease_time = 120
         static_lease = ""
         expert_options = ""
         debug_enable = false
    }
    vlan_id = 0
}
#
# set lan (space+?)
  network
                  Network Settings
  multi ip
             Multiple IP Address Settings
# set lan network 1(space+?)
  interface
            Interface
             IP Address
  ip
  netmask
             Netmask
             MTU
  mtu
  dhcp
             DHCP Settings
  Vlan id
              VLAN ID
# set lan network 1 interface lan0
OK
# set lan network 1 ip 172.16.24.24
                                                 // set IP address for lan
OK
                                                 // setting succeed
# set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0
OK
#
# config save_and_apply
ОК
                                          // save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect
```

# **Example 6: CLI for setting Cellular**

```
# show cellular all
sim {
    id = 1
    card = sim1
    phone_number = ""
    pin_code = ""
    extra_at_cmd = ""
    telnet_port = 0
```

}

12tp



```
network_type = auto
    band_select_type = all
    band_settings {
         gsm_850 = false
         gsm_900 = false
         gsm_1800 = false
         gsm_1900 = false
         wcdma_800 = false
         wcdma_850 = false
         wcdma_900 = false
         wcdma_1900 = false
         wcdma_2100 = false
         wcdma_1700 = false
         wcdma_band19 = false
         Ite_band1 = false
         lte_band2 = false
         Ite band3 = false
         Ite_band4 = false
         Ite_band5 = false
         Ite_band7 = false
         Ite_band8 = false
         Ite band13 = false
         Ite_band17 = false
         Ite_band18 = false
         Ite_band19 = false
         Ite band20 = false
         lte_band21 = false
         Ite_band25 = false
         Ite_band28 = false
         lte_band31 = false
         Ite_band38 = false
         Ite_band39 = false
         Ite band40 = false
         Ite_band41 = false
    }
    telit_band_settings {
         gsm_band = 900_and_1800
         wcdma_band = 1900
    }
    debug_enable = true
    verbose_debug_enable = false
# set(space+space)
cellular
                ddns
                                   dido
                                                       email
                                                                         ethernet
                firewall
event
                                                       ip_passthrough
                                   gre
                                                                         ipsec
                lan
                                   link_manager
                                                       ntp
                                                                         openvpn
```



pptp reboot route serial\_port sms
ssh syslog system user\_management web\_server wifi
# set cellular(space+?)

# set cellular(space+?)
sim SIM Settings

# set cellular sim(space+?)
Integer Index (1..1)

# set cellular sim 1(space+?)

card SIM Card **Phone Number** phone\_number pin\_code **PIN Code** extra\_at\_cmd Extra AT Cmd **Telnet Port** telnet\_port network\_type **Network Type** band\_select\_type **Band Select Type** band\_settings **Band Settings** 

telit\_band\_settings Band Settings
debug\_enable Debug Enable

verbose\_debug\_enable Verbose Debug Enable # set cellular sim 1 phone\_number 18620435279

OK

...

# config save\_and\_apply

OK

//save and apply current configuration, make you configuration eff



# Glossary

Abbr.	Description	
AC	Alternating Current	
APN	Access Point Name of GPRS Service Provider Network	
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange	
CE	Conformité Européene (European Conformity)	
CHAP	Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol	
CLI	Command Line Interface for batch scripting	
CSD	Circuit Switched Data	
CTS	Clear to Send	
dB	Decibel	
dBi	Decibel Relative to an Isotropic radiator	
DC	Direct Current	
DCD	Data Carrier Detect	
DCE	Data Communication Equipment (typically modems)	
DCS 1800	Digital Cellular System, also referred to as PCN	
DI	Digital Input	
DO	Digital Output	
DSR	Data Set Ready	
DTE	Data Terminal Equipment	
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi-frequency	
DTR	Data Terminal Ready	
EDGE	Enhanced Data rates for Global Evolution of GSM and IS-136	
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility	
EMI	Electro-Magnetic Interference	
ESD	Electrostatic Discharges	
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute	
EDGE	Enhanced Data rates for Global Evolution of GSM and IS-136	
FDD LTE	Frequency Division Duplexing Long Term Evolution	
GND	Ground	
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service	
GRE	generic route encapsulation	
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications	
HSPA	High Speed Packet Access	
ID	identification data	
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identification	
IP	Internet Protocol	
IPSec	Internet Protocol Security	
kbps	kbits per second	
L2TP	Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol	



Abbr.	Description	
LAN	local area network	
LED	Light Emitting Diode	
M2M	Machine to Machine	
MAX	Maximum	
Min	Minimum	
МО	Mobile Originated	
MS	Mobile Station	
MT	Mobile Terminated	
OpenVPN	Open Virtual Private Network	
PAP	Password Authentication Protocol	
PC	Personal Computer	
PCN	Personal Communications Network, also referred to as DCS 1800	
PCS	Personal Communication System, also referred to as GSM 1900	
PDU	Protocol Data Unit	
PIN	Personal Identity Number	
PLCs	Program Logic Control System	
PPP	Point-to-point Protocol	
PPTP	Point to Point Tunneling Protocol	
PSU	Power Supply Unit	
PUK	Personal Unblocking Key	
R&TTE	Radio and Telecommunication Terminal Equipment	
RF	Radio Frequency	
RTS	Request to Send	
RTU	Remote Terminal Unit	
Rx	Receive Direction	
SDK	Software Development Kit	
SIM	subscriber identification module	
SMA antenna	Stubby antenna or Magnet antenna	
SMS	Short Message Service	
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol	
TCP/IP	Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol	
TE	Terminal Equipment, also referred to as DTE	
Tx	Transmit Direction	
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver-transmitter	
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System	
USB	Universal Serial Bus	
USSD	Unstructured Supplementary Service Data	
VDC	Volts Direct Current	
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network	
VPN	Virtual Private Network	
VSWR	Voltage Stationary Wave Ratio	



Abbr.	Description
WAN	Wide Area Network

# Guangzhou Robustel LTD

Address: 3rd Floor, Building F, Kehui Park, No.95 Daguan Road,

Guangzhou, China 510660

Tel: 86-20-82321505

Email: info@robustel.com